



#### **QUALIFICATIONS PACK - OCCUPATIONAL STANDARDS FOR ALLIED HEALTHCARE**

## What are Occupational Standards (OS)?

- OS describe what individuals need to do, know and understand in order to carry out a particular job role or function
- POS are performance standards that individuals must achieve when carrying out functions in the workplace, together with specifications of the underpinning knowledge and understanding

#### Contact Us:

Healthcare Sector Skill Council
711, 7th Floor, DLF Tower A,
Jasola Distric Centre

New Delhi - 110025

Ph: 011 40505850

Website: www.healthcare-ssc.in
Email ID: info@healthcare-ssc.in



## Contents

1.	Introduction and ContactsP.	1
2.	Qualifications PackP.2	2
3.	OS UnitsP.8	3
4.	Glossary of Key TermsP	.4

### Introduction

## **Qualifications Pack-Dialysis Technician**

**SECTOR:** HEALTH

**SUB-SECTOR:** Allied Health & Paramedics

**OCCUPATION: DIALYSIS TECHNICIAN** 

**REFERENCE ID:** HSS/ Q 2701

NCO CODE: NCO-2004/3211.5

**Dialysis Technician**: also referred to as renal dialysis technician, hemodialysis technician, or nephrology technician.

**Brief Job Description:** Dialysis Technician operates machines and perform dialysis on patients with acute or chronic kidney failure. They work under the supervision of physicians and nurses, primarily in hospitals, clinics, dialysis centers/facilities, some nursing homes, assisted living facilities, and long term care facilities. They are responsible for the operation, cleaning, and sterilisation of the dialysis machines. Dialysis Technicians give patients important medical, technical, social and emotional support and also provide vital information on patient conditions to nurses, doctors, and other medical staff.

**Personal Attributes:** This job requires the individual to work in collaboration with Doctors ,nurses and other healthcare providers. They must have good communication skills to accurately report and document findings/results of their patients. They should be sensitive to the needs of the patient and be able to establish a good rapport with them.





Qualifications Pack Code	HSS/ Q 2701		
Job Role	Dialysis Technician		
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Sub-sector	Allied Health & Paramedics	Last reviewed on	22/05/13
Occupation	Dialysis Technician	Next review date	22/05/15
Job Role	Dialysis Technician		
Role Description	Operate machines and p chronic kidney failure. T cleaning, and sterilisatio	hey are responsible fo	or the operation,
NSQF level	4		
Minimum Educational Qualifications	Class XII		
Maximum Educational	Not Applicable		
Qualifications			
Qualifications Training	Relevant professional qual	lification	
-		lification	







	Compulsory:	
Occupational Standards (OS)	HSS / N 2701 : Collect and assess the patient's chart and vitals HSS / N 2702 : Manage dialysis machine set up and assemble the extracorporeal circuit  HSS / N 2703 : Prepare and position the patient for treatment HSS / N 2704 : Connect patient to the dialysis machine HSS / N 2705 : Monitor technical/clinical vitals during the treatment HSS / N 2706 : Unhook patient from the machine HSS / N 2707 : Record the treatment HSS / N 2708 : Conduct pre and post dialysis evaluation HSS / N 2709 : Maintain and disinfect the delivery system HSS / N 2710 : Evaluate and prepare the access site for cannulation	
Performance Criteria	As described in the relevant OS units	





Keywords /Terms	Description		
Core Skills/Generic Skills	Core Skills or Generic Skills are a group of skills that are essential to learning and working in today's world. These skills are typically needed in any work environment. In the context of the OS, these include communication related skills that are applicable to most job roles		
Description	Description gives a short summary of the unit content. This would be helpful to anyone searching on a database to verify that this is the appropriate OS they are looking for		
Dialysis Technician	Dialysis Technicians operate machines that remove waste and excess fluids from the blood of patients whose kidneys can no longer carry out those functions.		
Function	Function is an activity necessary for achieving the key purpose of the sector, occupation, or area of work, which can be carried out by a person or a group of persons. Functions are identified through functional analysis and form the basis of OS.		
Job role	Job role defines a unique set of functions that together form a unique employment opportunity in an organization		
Knowledge and Understanding	Knowledge and Understanding are statements which together specify the technical, generic, professional and organizational specific knowledge that an individual needs in order to perform to the required standard.		
National Occupational Standards (NOS	NOS are Occupational Standards which apply uniquely in the Indian context		
Occupation	Occupation is a set of job roles, which perform similar/related set of functions in an industry		
Occupational Standards (OS)	OS specify the standards of performance an individual must achieve when carrying out a function in the workplace, together with the knowledge and understanding they need to meet that standard consistently. Occupational Standards are applicable both in the Indian and global contexts		
Organisational Context	Organisational Context includes the way the organization is structured and how it operates, including the extent of operative knowledge managers have of their relevant areas of responsibility.		
Performance Criteria	Performance Criteria are statements that together specify the standard of performance required when carrying out a task		
Qualifications Pack(QP	Qualifications Pack comprises the set of OS, together with the educational, training and other criteria required to perform a job role. A Qualifications Pack is assigned a unique qualification pack code.		
Qualifications Pack Code	Qualifications Pack Code is a unique reference code that identifies a qualifications pack		
Scope	Scope is the set of statements specifying the range of variables that an individual may have to deal with in carrying out the function which have a critical impact on the quality of performance required		
Sector	Sector is a conglomeration of different business operations having similar businesses and interests. It may also be defined as a distinct subset of the economy whose components share similar characteristics and interests		
<b>S</b> ulbPsector	Sub-sector is derived from a further breakdown based on the		



### Qualifications Pack For Dialysis Technician



	characteristics and interests of its components
Sub-function	Sub-functions are sub-activities essential to fulfil the achieving the objectives of the function.
Technical Knowledge	Technical Knowledge is the specific knowledge needed to accomplish specific designated responsibilities
Unit Code	Unit Code is a unique identifier for an OS unit, which can be denoted with either an 'O' or an 'N'.
Unit title	Unit Title gives a clear overall statement about what the incumbent should be able to do.
Vertical	Vertical may exist within a sub-sector representing different domain areas or the client industries served by the industry.
	areas of the elicite maastries served by the maastry.
Keywords /Terms	Description
Keywords /Terms	
	Description
IV	Description Intra venous
IV NOS	Description  Intra venous  National Occupational Standard(s)
IV NOS NVEQF	Description  Intra venous  National Occupational Standard(s)  National Vocational Education Qualifications Framework
IV NOS NVEQF NVQF	Description  Intra venous  National Occupational Standard(s)  National Vocational Education Qualifications Framework  National Vocational Qualifications Framework







HSS/ N 2701: Collect and assess the patient's chart and vitals

## National Occupational Standards

### **Overview**

This OS unit is about checking the patient's chart and vital signs prior to starting the treatment of dialysis.



## National Occupational Standards



#### HSS/ N 2701: Collect and assess the patient's chart and vitals

Unit Code	HSS/ N 2701		
Unit Title (Task)	Collect and assess the patient's chart and vitals		
Description	This OS unit is about checking the patient's chart and vital signs prior to start the treatment of dialysis.		
Scope	This unit/task covers the following:  Reading and understanding the values mentioned in the report of the patient , Checking and documenting the vital parameters such as non-invasive blood pressure, body temperature, body weight, oxygen saturation of blood (SPO2), breathing rate, ECG etc. as appropriate, of the patient before starting the dialysis Interacting with: Patients suffering from acute or chronic renal failure with or without other complications People within same Hospital/Clinic/ health care unit Renal specialists, nurses, other technicians and staff		
Performance Criteria (F	PC) w.r.t. the Scope		
Element	Performance Criteria		
	PC1. Read and understand the patients' reports PC2. Take measurements of non-invasive blood pressure, body temperature, body weight, breathing rate and/or other vital parameters, as appropriate PC3. Recognise the levels of vital parameters under which dialysis can be performed safely PC4. Identify and manage potential and actual risks to the quality and safety of work PC5. Maintain competence within one's role and field of practice PC6. Evaluate and reflect on the quality of one's work and make continuing improvements		
Knowledge and Unders	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:		
A. Organisational Context (Knowledge of the Healthcare provider/ Organisation and	<ul> <li>KA1. The relevant hierarchy of doctors, nurses and other staff of the renal care team</li> <li>KA2. The procedure that should be followed while communicating and documenting the findings prior to the dialysis process</li> <li>KA3. Medical procedures and knowledge of using the relevant medical equipment</li> </ul>		
its processes)	KA4. The procedure for accessing training, learning and development needs for oneself and/or others within one's organisation		







### HSS/ N 2701: Collect and assess the patient's chart and vitals

B. Technical	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:		
Knowledge			
	KB1. The significance of the medical reports describing the patients' condition		
	KB2. The values of the vital parameters under which dialysis can be safely		
	performed		
	KB3. The method of measuring vital parameters accurately		
	1		
	research and development in one's area of work		
	KB5. The risks to quality and safety arising from:		
	a. Lack of knowledge of the blood parameters and other test results		
	b. Not keeping up to date with best practices		
	c. Poor communication		
	d. Insufficient support		
	e. Lack of resources		
	KB6. The importance of reporting and minimising risk		
	KB7. The right person to be contacted in case patients' chart / vitals are not within		
	the prescribed limits for undertaking dialysis		
Skills (S) (Ontional)	the prescribed limits for undertaking dialysis		
Skills (S) (Optional)			
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills		
Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA1. Write at least one local/ official language used in the local community		
	SA2. Document and report findings related to patients' condition		
	SA3. Prepare status and progress reports		
	,		
	SA5. Document the readings/measurements as per the protocol		
	Reading Skills		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA6. Read and understand medical reports		
	SA7. Keep abreast with the latest knowledge by reading most recommended		
	values of blood parameters and other vitals with reference to the functioning		
	,		
	of kidneys Oral Communication (Listoning and Speaking skills)		
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	CAO Dispuss modical remarks and notionts/diking with		
	SA8. Discuss medical reports and patients' condition with co-workers		
	SA9. Interact with patient appropriately in order to understand the nature of the		
	complaint or request		
	SA10. Keep patient informed about procedures		
	SA11. Avoid using jargon, slang or acronyms when communicating with a patient		
	SA12. Promote and demonstrate good communication practice as an individual and		
	as a team member at all times		
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		





HSS/ N 2701: Collect ar	nd assess	s the patient's chart and vitals
	SB1.	Make decisions pertaining to the concerned area of work in relation to job role
	Plan ar	nd Organise
	The use	er/individual on the job needs to know and understand:
	SB2.	How to plan and organise activities that are assigned
	Patient	t Centricity
	The use	er/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB3.	Communicate effectively with patient and their family, physicians, and other members of the team
	SB4.	Listen in a responsive and empathetic manner to establish rapport
	SB5.	Show sensitivity while checking vitals, towards the pain /discomfort of the
	Dualda	patient
	Proble	m Solving
	The use	er/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB6.	Think through problems, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest an optimum /best possible solution(s)
	SB7.	Deal with patient until attended by other care providers and try to address any concern with acquired clinical knowledge
	SB8.	Identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays
	Analyti	ical Thinking
	The use	er/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB9.	Integrate historical, physical, social, and ancillary data into differential diagnosis in relation to dialysis
	SB10.	Recognise indications for various diagnostic tests and treatment modalities - from medication to surgery
	SB11.	Perform various procedures, such as lumbar punctures and inserting intravenous catheters and able to think through medical issues and exhibit sound judgment in a variety of clinical settings, including emergency situations
	SB12.	
	SB13.	Function effectively as part of the renal care team
	Critical	Thinking
	The use	er/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB14.	Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from the patients chart as well as by measuring the vitals, as a guide to thought and action prior to initiating dialysis







HSS/ N 2701: Collect and assess the patient's chart and vitals

## **NOS Version Control**

NOS Code	HSS/ N 2701		
Credits(NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	22/05/13
Occupation	Dialysis Technician	Next review date	22/05/15







## National Occupational Standards



## **Overview**

This OS unit is about setting up the dialysis machine. The purpose of dialysis is to remove waste from the blood of patients suffering from chronic or acute renal failure.







Unit Code	HSS/ N 2702			
Unit Title (Task)	Manage dialysis machine set up and assemble the extracorporeal circuit			
Description	This OS unit is about setting up the dialysis machine and assembling the extracorporeal circuit. The purpose of dialysis is to remove waste from the blood of patients suffering from chronic or acute renal failure.			
Scope	<ul> <li>This unit/task covers the following:</li> <li>The technology, functioning, calibration, and sterilisation of dialysis machines according to their: , Type/ brand ,Frequency and duration of use Maintaining the components fordoing dialysis such as dialysate, heparin, purified water etc. as required and in adequate amounts</li> </ul>			
Performance Criteria (	PC) w.r.t. the Scope			
Element	Performance Criteria			
	PC1. Needs to know and understand the mechanics and functioning of all parts of the dialysis machine being used PC2. Should know how to calibrate the machine without error PC3. Should ensure that the dialysis unit has been sterilised after previous use PC4. Should ensure that all the components required are adequately present PC5. Should know how to assemble and check the extracorporeal circuit parts i.e. the patient connectors, Dialyzer connectors, Drip chamber and bubble trap, Blood pump segment, Heparin infusion line, and saline infusion line			
Knowledge and Under	- 11			
A. Organisational Context (Knowledge of the Healthcare provider/ Organisation and its processes)	<ul> <li>The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:</li> <li>KA1. The terms of reference agreed upon with the manufacturer regarding care and maintenance of the machine</li> <li>KA2. The procedure and importance of calibration and sterilisation as per the protocols</li> <li>KA3. How to and whom to inform in case of observing something unusual about the machine</li> <li>KA4. The relevant protocols, good practices, standards, policies and procedures to be followed</li> </ul>			
B. Technical Knowledge	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:  KB1. How the machine helps to remove wastes from the blood  KB2. The need and procedure for calibration  KB3. How to sterilise the unit  KB4. The basic functionalities of the applications and components that are used during the process			







H33/ N 2702. Wallage (	dialysis machine set up and assemble the extracorporeal circuit		
	KB5. How to check the extracorporeal circuit blood pressure alarm to ensure that it		
	works properly before each treatment		
	KB6. How to check the extracorporeal blood tubing parts		
Skills (S) (Optional)			
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills		
Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA1. Record the calibration of the machine with relevant details		
	SA2. Record the observations made during sterilisation and set up		
	Reading Skills		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA3. Read the brochure/manual of the dialysis unit and interpret it correctly		
	SA4. Comprehend important instructions mentioned regarding setting up of the		
	machine		
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA5. Discuss the procedure of care and maintenance of dialysis machine with the		
	company representative and/or senior technician/bio-medical engineer		
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB1. Make decisions regarding the most appropriate practices with respect to care		
	and functioning of the machine		
	SB2. Apply best practices in existing processes to drive improvements		
	Plan and Organise		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:		
SB3. How to plan and organise the scheduled maintenance			
	Patient Centricity		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB4. Calibrate and set up the machine in order to provide better treatment		
	SB5. Reassure the patient and their attendants that the dialysis unit has been well		
	sterilised		
	Problem Solving		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB6. Interpret any unusual readings of the machine and contact the concerned person		
	to take remedial steps		
	Analytical Thinking		







The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
SB7. Assist in interpreting the observations and design a solution for that
Critical Thinking
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
SB8. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation, experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to belief and action









## **NOS Version Control**

NOS Code	HSS/ N 2702	HSS/ N 2702	
Credits(NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	22/05/13
Occupation	Dialysis Technician	Next review date	22/05/15









## National Occupational Standards



## **Overview**

This OS unit is about correctly draping and positioning the patient for starting dialysis. The purpose of proper draping and positioning is to facilitate connecting the patient to the dialysis unit, at the same time ensuring adequate patient comfort and privacy.







Unit Code	HSS/ N 2703		
Unit Title (Task)	Prepare and position the patient for treatment		
Description	This OS unit is about correctly draping and positioning the patient for starting dialysis.  The purpose of proper draping and positioning is to facilitate connecting the patient to the dialysis unit, at the same time ensure adequate patient comfort and privacy		
Scope	This unit covers the following:  • The dialysis technician needs to know the appropriate linen including covering sheet needed depending on the patient (male, female, child), Assist in draping the patient and moving them on the bed/couch without disturbing catheters or any other IV line already in place, Ensure patient comfort and privacy		
Performance Criteria (I	PC) w.r.t. the Scope		
Element	Performance Criteria		
	PC1. Maintain patients' privacy PC2. Drape the patient such that it facilitates connecting the patient to the dialysis unit PC3. Explain the need to dress and be placed in particular position for dialysis to patient PC4. Perform actions gently to avoid causing pain specially taking care to not disturb any catheters, IV lines already present PC5. Keep the patient in a comfortable posture PC6. Provide the appropriate linen including covering sheet depending on the patient (male, female, child) and should know from where to obtain the same		
Knowledge and Unders			
A. Organisational Context  (Knowledge of the Healthcare provider/ Organisation and its processes)	<ul> <li>The user/individual on the job needs to:</li> <li>KA1. Follow the provider's or organisation instructions about draping and positioning the patient</li> <li>KA2. Know and understand the relevant protocols, good practices, standards, policies and procedures</li> </ul>		
B. Technical Knowledge	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:  KB1. How to drape the patient appropriately		
	KB2. How to position the patient comfortably  KB3. How to modify the general protocol for patients with additional/special requirements (e.g. for cardiac patients, physically handicapped persons etc.)		
	KB4. How to use personal protective gear while draping and positioning contagious and infected patients  KB5. How to make sure that proper procedures and processes are followed		







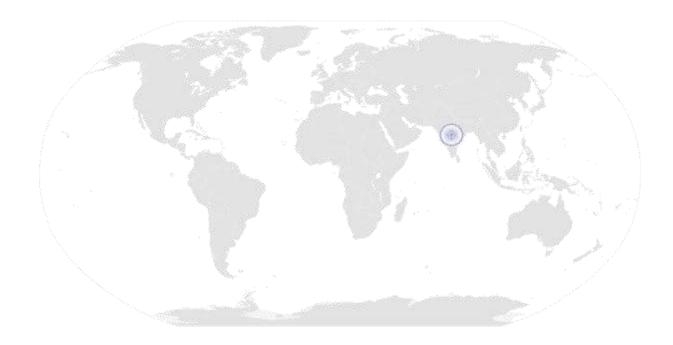
Skills (S) (Optional)	and position the patient for treatment		
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills		
Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	CAA Daniel on the control of the beauty of the control of the care		
	SA1. Record any observation made during the procedure  Reading Skills		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA2. Read the doctor/nurse instructions and interpret it correctly		
	SA3. Comprehend important instructions mentioned in the clinical notes		
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA4. Discuss the procedure with the patient and make him feel comfortable		
	SA5. Answer patient's queries regarding their draping and positioning needs		
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB1. Make decisions regarding the best way to perform draping and positioning depending upon the patient's condition		
	SB2. Apply best practices in existing processes to drive improvements		
	SB3. Modify procedures to prevent spread of infection		
	Plan and Organise		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB4. Plan and organise the scheduled maintenance		
	SB4. Plan and organise the scheduled maintenance  Patient Centricity		
	,		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB5. Build rapport with patient and attendant		
	SB6. Use patient centric approach and make the patient feel comfortable		
	SB7. Ensure patient privacy		
	Problem Solving		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB8. Interpret the patient needs related to draping and positioning and provide		
	solution compassionately		
	SB9. Modify general techniques for patients in distress while ensuring infection		
	control protocol		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB10. Interpret observations and report them		
	Analytical Thinking		







SB11. Use the existing experience for improving the comfort during the process
Critical Thinking
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
SB12. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation, experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to belief and action









## **NOS Version Control**

NOS Code	HSS/ N 2703		
Credits(NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	22/05/13
Occupation	Dialysis Technician	Next review date	22/05/15









## National Occupational Standards



## **Overview**

This OS unit is about connecting the patient to the dialysis unit by inserting IV lines carefully, or utilising catheters already present in patient's body for this purpose and then initiating the dialysis process.







Unit Code	HSS/ N 2704
Unit Title (Task)	Connect patient to the dialysis machine
Description	This OS unit is about connecting the patient to the dialysis unit by inserting IV lines carefully, or utilising catheters already present in patient's body for this purpose and then initiating the dialysis process. The IV tubing is inserted by making an incision in the arm or limb of the patient and for patients already having a catheter in place for dialysis, the correct tubings are attached and connected to the specified points on the dialysis unit.
Scope	This unit covers the following:
	Perform the procedure for inserting IV lines at appropriate places and be able to carry out the same while causing minimum inconvenience to the patient , Perform the procedure to initiate the dialysis process
Performance Criteria (	PC) w.r.t. the Scope
Element	Performance Criteria
Knowledge and Under	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must:  PC1. Use standard protocols for inserting IV lines and making connections to prevent infection and reduce discomfort to the patient PC2. Understand how to utilise existing catheters for performing dialysis PC3. Be aware of the protocol of starting the dialysis PC4. Minimise inconvenience and pain for the patient while performing the procedure
A. Organisational	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:
Context  (Knowledge of the Healthcare provider/ Organisation and its processes)	<ul> <li>KA1. The importance of following the right procedure for inserting IV lines</li> <li>KA2. The protocol for starting dialysis</li> <li>KA3. Whom to inform in case of observing something which is clinically important</li> <li>KA4. Relevant protocols, good practices, standards, policies and procedures</li> <li>KA5. The protocol for contacting the senior technician/ physician/nurse in case of difficulty in insertion</li> </ul>
B. Technical	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:
Knowledge	<ul> <li>KB1. How to make incisions on the limb of the patient for inserting IV lines with minimum discomfort</li> <li>KB2. How to use existing catheters without causing additional discomfort</li> <li>KB3. The purpose and functioning of the different connections</li> <li>KB4. The appropriate method for starting the dialysis</li> <li>KB5. How to manage additional equipment like other catheters or IV lines while performing the task</li> </ul>
	KB6. The tubings that are required to be connected to the dialysis unit







1133/ 14 2704: Connect	patient to the ularysis machine		
	KB7. How to operate the machine after making proper connections in order to		
	initiate dialysis		
Skills (S) (Optional)			
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills		
Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA1. Record observations made during the procedure		
	SA2. Identify and record the change in patient's behaviour or pain experienced		
	during the procedure		
	Reading Skills		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA3. Read the doctor/nurse instructions and clinical reports		
	SA4. Comprehend important instructions mentioned in the user manual of the		
	dialysis machine		
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)		
	Crair Commission (Lasterning Craire)		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA5. Discuss the procedure with the patient and make him feel comfortable		
	SA6. Answer the patient's queries regarding the IV lines, tubings and other		
	equipment		
	SA7. Communicate any significant findings to the concerned physician/nurse		
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making		
	The user/individual on the job needs to:		
	SB1. Make decisions regarding the appropriate size and type of catheter/ IV tubing		
	to be used		
	to be used SB2. Make decisions regarding the incision e.g. on which limb/body part an		
	to be used SB2. Make decisions regarding the incision e.g. on which limb/body part an incision can be made		
	to be used SB2. Make decisions regarding the incision e.g. on which limb/body part an incision can be made SB3. Apply best practices in existing processes to minimise spread of infection and		
	to be used SB2. Make decisions regarding the incision e.g. on which limb/body part an incision can be made SB3. Apply best practices in existing processes to minimise spread of infection and reduce pain		
	to be used SB2. Make decisions regarding the incision e.g. on which limb/body part an incision can be made SB3. Apply best practices in existing processes to minimise spread of infection and reduce pain  Plan and Organise		
	to be used SB2. Make decisions regarding the incision e.g. on which limb/body part an incision can be made SB3. Apply best practices in existing processes to minimise spread of infection and reduce pain		
	to be used SB2. Make decisions regarding the incision e.g. on which limb/body part an incision can be made SB3. Apply best practices in existing processes to minimise spread of infection and reduce pain  Plan and Organise The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:		
	to be used SB2. Make decisions regarding the incision e.g. on which limb/body part an incision can be made SB3. Apply best practices in existing processes to minimise spread of infection and reduce pain  Plan and Organise The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:  SB4. Steps involved in making correct connections and starting the dialysis		
	to be used SB2. Make decisions regarding the incision e.g. on which limb/body part an incision can be made SB3. Apply best practices in existing processes to minimise spread of infection and reduce pain  Plan and Organise The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:  SB4. Steps involved in making correct connections and starting the dialysis SB5. How to ensure patient is comfortable and cooperative during the process		
	to be used SB2. Make decisions regarding the incision e.g. on which limb/body part an incision can be made SB3. Apply best practices in existing processes to minimise spread of infection and reduce pain  Plan and Organise The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:  SB4. Steps involved in making correct connections and starting the dialysis		
	to be used SB2. Make decisions regarding the incision e.g. on which limb/body part an incision can be made SB3. Apply best practices in existing processes to minimise spread of infection and reduce pain  Plan and Organise The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:  SB4. Steps involved in making correct connections and starting the dialysis SB5. How to ensure patient is comfortable and cooperative during the process SB6. The subsequent actions which will be needed when dialysis is in progress  Patient Centricity		
	to be used SB2. Make decisions regarding the incision e.g. on which limb/body part an incision can be made SB3. Apply best practices in existing processes to minimise spread of infection and reduce pain  Plan and Organise The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:  SB4. Steps involved in making correct connections and starting the dialysis SB5. How to ensure patient is comfortable and cooperative during the process SB6. The subsequent actions which will be needed when dialysis is in progress		
	to be used SB2. Make decisions regarding the incision e.g. on which limb/body part an incision can be made SB3. Apply best practices in existing processes to minimise spread of infection and reduce pain  Plan and Organise The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:  SB4. Steps involved in making correct connections and starting the dialysis SB5. How to ensure patient is comfortable and cooperative during the process SB6. The subsequent actions which will be needed when dialysis is in progress  Patient Centricity  The user/individual on the job needs to know and ensure that:		
	SB2. Make decisions regarding the incision e.g. on which limb/body part an incision can be made SB3. Apply best practices in existing processes to minimise spread of infection and reduce pain  Plan and Organise The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:  SB4. Steps involved in making correct connections and starting the dialysis SB5. How to ensure patient is comfortable and cooperative during the process SB6. The subsequent actions which will be needed when dialysis is in progress  Patient Centricity  The user/individual on the job needs to know and ensure that:  SB7. All IV lines, catheters, tubings are in place, functional and are of suitable size		
	SB2. Make decisions regarding the incision e.g. on which limb/body part an incision can be made  SB3. Apply best practices in existing processes to minimise spread of infection and reduce pain  Plan and Organise  The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:  SB4. Steps involved in making correct connections and starting the dialysis SB5. How to ensure patient is comfortable and cooperative during the process SB6. The subsequent actions which will be needed when dialysis is in progress  Patient Centricity  The user/individual on the job needs to know and ensure that:  SB7. All IV lines, catheters, tubings are in place, functional and are of suitable size for the patient		
	SB2. Make decisions regarding the incision e.g. on which limb/body part an incision can be made SB3. Apply best practices in existing processes to minimise spread of infection and reduce pain  Plan and Organise The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:  SB4. Steps involved in making correct connections and starting the dialysis SB5. How to ensure patient is comfortable and cooperative during the process SB6. The subsequent actions which will be needed when dialysis is in progress  Patient Centricity  The user/individual on the job needs to know and ensure that:  SB7. All IV lines, catheters, tubings are in place, functional and are of suitable size		







1133/ N 2704. Connect	t patient to the dialysis machine		
	Problem Solving		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB10. Interpret the patient needs related to inserting and using catheters and provide solution compassionately		
	SB11. Prevent spread of infection to other parts by using appropriate technique		
	Analytical Thinking		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB12. Use the existing experience for improving the comfort during the process		
	Critical Thinking		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB13. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation,		
Contra c	experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to belief and action		









## **NOS Version Control**

NOS Code	HSS/ N 2704	HSS/ N 2704	
Credits(NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	22/05/13
Occupation	Dialysis technician	Next review date	22/05/15









## National Occupational Standards



## **Overview**

This OS unit is about monitoring the patients' vital signs while undergoing dialysis by the dialysis technician. The purpose of monitoring is make sure that the various vital parameters like temperature, blood pressure, oxygen saturation, breathing rate, rate of blood flow etc. are within acceptable limits during the dialysis treatment.





Unit Code	HSS/ N 2705
Unit Title (Task)	Monitor technical/ clinical vitals during the treatment
Description	This OS unit is about monitoring the patients' vital signs while undergoing dialysis by the dialysis technician. The purpose of monitoring is to make sure that the various vital parameters like temperature, blood pressure, blood flow, oxygen saturation, breathing rate etc. are within acceptable limits while dialysis is going on.
Scope	This unit/task covers the following:  • Measuring the important parameters like blood pressure, temperature, rate of blood flow, proper mixture of dialysate, presence of air bubbles, Maintaining patient's comfort
Performance Criteria (I	PC) w.r.t. the Scope
Element	Performance Criteria
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must :
	PC1. Understand the various indicators, alarms and sensors of the dialysis machine PC2. Know the corrective steps to be taken when a particular alarm goes off PC3. Be alert and quick in his/her responses PC4. Know whom and how to inform in case of medical emergency
Knowledge and Unders	The state of the s
A. Organisational	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:
Context (Knowledge of the Healthcare provider/ Organisation and its processes)	<ul> <li>KA1. The importance of various patient parameters and how they are measured</li> <li>KA2. Whom to inform and contact in case of emergency as per the protocols</li> <li>KA3. Relevant protocols, good practices, standards, policies and procedures</li> <li>KA4. The protocol to contact the concerned physician or nurse in case the patients' vitals remain out of limit inspite of appropriate action by the technician</li> </ul>
B. Technical Knowledge	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:
	<ul> <li>KB1. How the dialysis machine maintains and monitors blood pressure, blood flow, presence of air, proper mixture of dialysate etc.</li> <li>KB2. What the different alarms and beeps, blinking lights signify</li> <li>KB3. How to take appropriate corrective action</li> <li>KB4. The danger which could result from absence of corrective steps</li> <li>KB5. The appropriate corrective action to be taken when an alarm goes off</li> <li>KB6. How to maintain these parameters within permitted limits during dialysis</li> <li>KB7. To keep the patient comfortable during dialysis</li> </ul>
Skills (S) (Optional)	Whiting Chille
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills







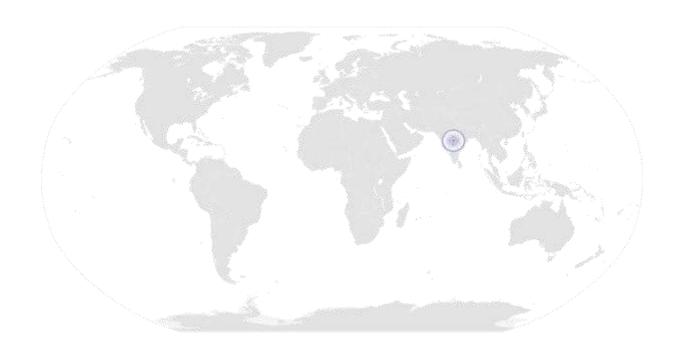
	technical/ clinical vitals during the treatment		
Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA1. Record any unusual signal by the machine		
	SA2. Record and report all alarms and actions taken during the dialysis		
	ı Ç i		
	Reading Skills		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA3. Read and understand the functioning of the dialysis unit as given in the		
	manufacturers manual or brochure		
	SA4. Comprehend important instructions mentioned in patients 'clinical notes		
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA5. Respond to patients questions during the dialysis process		
	SA6. Communicate any significant unusual findings to the physician and/or senior		
	technician		
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB1. Recognise and rectify the cause of any signal/ alarm		
	SB2. Pace the processes to keep patient comfortable		
	SB3. Contact the physician when it is necessary		
	Plan and Organise		
	The user/individual on the job needs to:		
	CDA Diversity of the control of the		
	SB4. Plan and be prepared to carry out the corrective steps as needed		
	SB5. Check if all the components and constituents of the dialysis unit are in		
	functional order and organised before starting		
	Patient Centricity		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and ensure that:		
	SB6. Patient is comfortable during the process		
	SB7. Patient does not panic at the sound of an alarm		
	Problem Solving		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB8. Interpret the alarms / signals of the machine during dialysis and take		
	appropriate action		
	Analytical Thinking		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		







SB10. Use appropriate techniques to take remedial action
Critical Thinking
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
SB11. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation, experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to belief and action









## **NOS Version Control**

NOS Code	HSS/ N 2705	HSS/ N 2705		
Credits(NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0	
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13	
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	22/05/13	
Occupation	Dialysis Technician	Next review date	22/05/15	

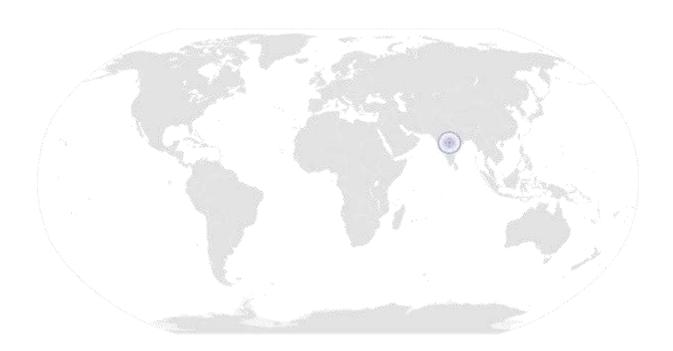








## National Occupational Standards



## **Overview**

This OS unit is about unhooking the patient from the machine by the dialysis technician after the dialysis has been completed. The purpose of unhooking is to disconnect the patient from the dialysis machine by detaching the tubings and other connecting lines from the limb of the patient.







Unit Code	HSS/ N 2706				
Unit Title (Task)	Unhook the patient from the machine				
Description	This OS unit is about unhooking the patient from the machine by the dialysis technician after the dialysis has been completed. The purpose of unhooking is to disconnect the patient from the dialysis machine by detaching the tubings and other connecting lines from the limb of the patient.				
Scope	<ul> <li>This unit/task covers the following:</li> <li>Perform procedure to disconnect the patient when the dialysis session is complete and it is appropriate to disconnect, Perform the procedure to remove the IV cannula from the patients' limb or cover it with suitable dressing for future use depending upon the doctors' instructions</li> </ul>				
Performance Criteria (PC) w.r.t. the Scope					
Element	Performance Criteria				
Knowledge and Unders	PC1. Know when dialysis is completed PC2. Detach all connections between patient and unit PC3. Carefully remove IV cannulas with minimum discomfort to patient PC4. Suitably dress the canola/ catheter to keep it sterile and pain- free for future use if the doctor/nurse instructs PC5. Understand needs of the patient and help them to be comfortable  tanding (K)				
A. Organisational Context (Knowledge of the Healthcare provider/ Organisation and its processes)	<ul> <li>The user/individual on the job needs to:</li> <li>KA1. Follow relevant protocols, good practices, standards, policies and procedures for removing / dressing cannulas and catheters</li> <li>KA2. Inform doctor/nurse in case a difficulty arises during unhooking or if patient feels uneasy as per protocol</li> </ul>				
B. Technical Knowledge	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:  KB1. The signal/sound from machine to indicate completion of dialysis  KB2. The protocol for disconnecting  KB3. The technique for removing / putting a dressing on cannulas or catheters  KB4. That the procedure is done in a manner which prevents infection				
Skills (S) (Optional)  A. Core Skills/ Generic Skills	Writing Skills  Not Applicable				







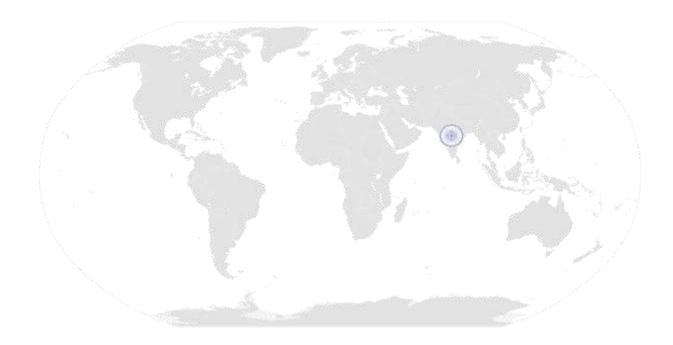
HSS/ N 2706: Unhook p	patient from the machine				
	Reading Skills				
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:				
	SA1. Record important instruction like keeping of cannula or catheter and follow them correctly				
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)				
	The user/individual on the job needs to:				
	SA2. Understand and know how to respond to patient's needs in coming back to a				
	comfortable position				
D. Drofossional Chille	SA3. Answer patients' queries compassionately				
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making				
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:				
	SB1. Identify the signals from the dialysis machine which indicate completion of				
	the process				
	SB2. Follow correct protocols for disconnecting tubings				
	SB3. Use right techniques for removing / dressing IV cannulas and catheters				
	SB4. Modify procedures to keep patient more comfortable				
	Plan and Organise				
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:				
	SB5. How to plan and organise the movement of patient i.e. for immobile patient, keep a wheel chair or stretcher near and help patient to move onto it				
	Patient Centricity				
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:				
	SB6. Perform all procedures gently to avoid causing pain to patient				
	SB7. Be quick and alert to patients' needs				
	Problem Solving				
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:				
	SB8. Identify unusual observations regarding site of catheter or IV line and report them				
	SB9. Assist the patient in getting into a comfortable position				
	Analytical Thinking				
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:				
	SB10. Interpret machine signals for process completion and act subsequently				
	SB11. Assist immobile patients to attain a comfortable position after dialysis				
	Critical Thinking				
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:				
	SB12. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation,				







experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to belief and action









## **NOS Version Control**

NOS Code	HSS/ N 2706	HSS/ N 2706		
Credits(NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0	
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13	
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	22/05/13	
Occupation	Dialysis Technician	Next review date	22/05/15	









HSS/ N 2707: Record the treatment

# National Occupational Standards



## **Overview**

This OS unit is about documenting the performed dialysis treatment on the patient's chart by the dialysis technician. The purpose of documenting is to have a record of the procedures being performed on the patient which would help in further treatment options.







### HSS/ N 2707: Record the treatment

Unit Code	HSS/ N 2707
Unit Title (Task)	Record the treatment
Description	This OS unit is about documenting the performed dialysis treatment on the patient's chart by the dialysis technician. The purpose of documenting is to have a record of the procedures being performed on the patient which would help in further treatment options.
Scope	This unit/task covers the following:  • Recording the dialysis procedure on the medical report/chart of the patient
Performance Criteria (	PC) w.r.t. the Scope
Element	Performance Criteria
Knowledge and Unders  A. Organisational Context (Knowledge of the Healthcare provider/ Organisation and its processes)	PC1. Follow the right format for documenting the dialysis on the patient's chart PC2. Record the components/ constituents and their quantities used PC3. Understand the importance of documenting the procedure on the patient's chart PC4. Record the quantity and type of constituents like dialysate, acid mixture etc. used during the process  standing (K)  The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:  KA1. The relevant protocol and format for documenting treatments in the clinical records of the patient
B. Technical Knowledge	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:  KB1. How to document the procedure in a clear concise manner  KB2. How to include the relevant details in the documentation  KB3. The name and type of the constituents used during the process
Skills (S) (Optional)	KB4. How to make note of the time taken for the procedure
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills
Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SA1. Record treatment on the patient's chart in the proper format without any language errors







### HSS/ N 2707: Record the treatment

	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA2. Read, understand and interpret the clinical notes and know where to document the performed dialysis		
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)		
	Not Applicable		
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:		
	SB1. How to document the procedure and include relevant details in the prescribed format		
	Plan and Organise		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:		
	SB2. How to organise the patient's report for doctors reference		
	SB3. Which details need to be documented on the patient's chart		
	Patient Centricity		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB4. Be meticulous in documenting the procedure knowing that it would have consequences on future treatment options for the patient		
	Problem Solving		
	Not Applicable		
	Analytical Thinking		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB5. Document the procedure using prescribed protocols and format		
	Critical Thinking		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB6. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation, experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to belief and action		







HSS/ N 2707: Record the treatment

NOS Code	HSS/ N 2707		
Credits(NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	22/05/13
Occupation	Dialysis Technician	Next review date	22/05/15









# National Occupational Standards



## **Overview**

This OS unit is about observing, documenting and reporting any change in patient's condition by the dialysis technician during and after dialysis. Observing and reporting changes is necessary to ensure that patient is comfortable and stable and that dialysis has been well tolerated.







Unit Code	HSS/ N 2708	
Unit Title	H33/ N 2708	
(Task)	Conduct pre and post dialysis evaluation	
Description	This OS unit is about observing, documenting and reporting any change in patient's condition by the dialysis technician before, during and after dialysis. Observing and reporting changes is necessary to ensure that patient is comfortable and stable and that dialysis has been well tolerated	
Scope	This unit/task covers the following:  Observing the patient before and during dialysis and make note of any change in blood pressure, body temperature, breathlessness or any other symptom expressed by the patient, Communicate the observed changes to the doctor/nurse, Documenting the changes / symptoms as well as remedial actions taken for future reference	
Performance Criteria (I	PC) w.r.t. the Scope	
Element	Performance Criteria	
	PC1. Read and understand the patients' reports PC2. Take measurements of non-invasive blood pressure, body temperature, body weight, breathing rate and/or other vital parameters, as appropriate PC3. Recognise the levels of vital parameters under which dialysis can be performed safely PC4. Be alert in noticing any change or distress in the patient during or after dialysis PC5. Communicate effectively with patient, doctors and nurses to enable quick remedial action PC6. Document the changes as per protocol	
Knowledge and Unders	standing (K)	
A. Organisational Context (Knowledge of the Healthcare provider/ Organisation and its processes)	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:  KA1. How to communicate effectively with co-workers as per the defined protocol KA2. Whom and how to contact in case of emergency as per protocol KA3. The relevant protocol and format for documenting treatments in the clinical records of the patient	
B. Technical Knowledge	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:  KB1. How to observe and identify changes in patient's condition  KB2. The method for proper documentation  KB3. How to effectively communicate the observed symptoms and assist in	







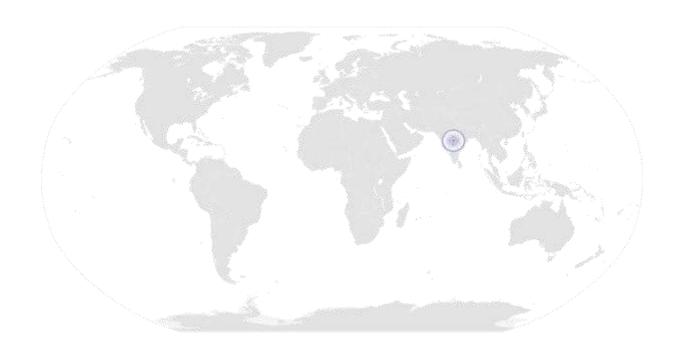
H33/ N 2708: Colluct	pre and post dialysis evaluation	
	providing remedial measures as appropriate	
Skills (S) ( <u>Optional</u> )		
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills	
Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
	SA1. Record and report the observations and symptoms of the patient using the right protocol	
	Reading Skills	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
	SA2. Follow instructions as specified in the patient file	
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
	SA3. Listen carefully to what patient is saying / trying to express	
	SA4. Communicate patient's condition in an efficient, timely and effective manner	
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:	
	SB1. The change in patient's condition as observed or expressed by the patient	
	and what they signify SB2. How to communicate to the concerned person and send across the message	
	quickly  Plan and Organica	
	Plan and Organise	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:	
	SB3. How to record and document patient's symptoms in a planned manner	
	SB4. How to formulate and structure message correctly for communicating with	
	other co-workers	
	Patient Centricity	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
	SB5. Be a good listener and be sensitive to patient	
	Problem Solving	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
	SB6. Communicate and document changes in the right manner	
	SB7. Give feedback when required	
	Analytical Thinking	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
	SB8. Communicate a message related to patient care effectively and promptly to a	







co-worker
Critical Thinking
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
SB9. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation, experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to belief and action









NOS Code	HSS/ N 2708		
Credits(NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	22/05/13
Occupation	Dialysis Technician	Next review date	22/05/15









# National Occupational Standards



## **Overview**

This OS unit is about aftercare and cleaning of the machine by the dialysis technician to be ready for the next use. Aftercare & cleaning of the dialysis unit is necessary to keep it sterile and maintain its accuracy and functionality for subsequent use.







Unit Code	HSS/ N 2709
Unit Title (Task)	Maintain and disinfect the delivery system
Description	This OS unit is about aftercare and cleaning of the machine by the dialysis technician and prepare it for the next patient. Aftercare & cleaning of the dialysis unit is necessary to keep it sterile and maintain its accuracy and functionality for subsequent use.
Scope	This unit/task covers the following:  • Performing the standard procedure for cleaning the different parts using appropriate cleaning agents, Performing procedures to keep the unit sterile and functional
Performance Criteria (F	PC) w.r.t. the Scope
Element	Performance Criteria
	PC1. Clean up any spillage PC2. Know when the dialysate, dialyzer or other constituents need to be replaced PC3. Follow standard sterilisation and cleaning procedure for the unit PC4. Disinfect dialysis machine according to the manufacturer's recommendations PC5. The dialysate circuit should be exposed to disinfectant
Knowledge and Unders	standing (K)
A. Organisational Context (Knowledge of the Healthcare provider/ Organisation and its processes)	<ul> <li>The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:</li> <li>KA1. What are the standard procedures for cleaning and sterilization of the machine/unit</li> <li>KA2. Where to obtain supplies of cleaning agents and reusable parts</li> <li>KA3. About the servicing policies adopted by the organisation</li> </ul>
B. Technical Knowledge  Skills (S) (Optional)	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:  KB1. The cleaning and maintenance procedures of the machine  KB2. How the reused bicarbonate/acid containers be disinfected between use  KB3. How to disinfect the system using disinfectants and rinse solutions  KB4. How to rinse machines between chemicals and before a dialysis session  KB5. The Dead space is needed between dialysate effluent line and drain  KB6. Which parts need replacement and how to do it  KB7. How to undertake sterilisation of the unit  KB8. The components of the dialysis unit and their functioning







A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills
Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SA1. Record and report cleaning and sterilisation procedures performed
	Reading Skills
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SA2. Follow instructions on the user manual/brochure of the machine
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SA3. Communicate any unusual findings regarding machine components or sterilisation to the bio-medical engineer or senior technician
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making
	The user/individual on the job needs to:  SB1. Identify components which need to be replaced SB2. Know which type of observations regarding machine-care need to be
	reported immediately
	Plan and Organise
	The user/individual on the job needs to:
	SB3. Plan and organise the cleaning and sterilisation process as per the schedule
	Patient Centricity
	The user/individual on the job needs to know:
	SB4. The importance of cleaning and sterilisation to prevent the spread of infection
	Problem Solving
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB5. Handle any accidental spillage or contamination of the unit
	Analytical Thinking
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB6. Perform cleaning and sterilisation procedures in a meticulous manner
	Critical Thinking
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	The aser, marriadar on the job freeds to know and understand now to.
	SB7. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation, experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to belief and action







NOS Code	HSS/ N 2709		
Credits(NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	22/05/13
Occupation	Dialysis Technician	Next review date	22/05/15









# National Occupational Standards



## **Overview**

This OS unit describes the knowledge, understanding, skills required of a Dialysis Technician for evaluating and preparing a site for vascular access and cannulation prior to initiating dialysis.







Unit Code	HSS/ N 2710	
Unit Title (Task)	Evaluate and prepare the site for cannulation	
Description	This OS unit is about evaluating the vascular access site and cannulating prior to initiation of the dialysis treatment of a patient.	
Scope	This unit/task covers the following:  • Evaluating the vascular access site , Cannulating the patient	
Performance Criteria (F	PC) w.r.t. the Scope	
Element	Performance Criteria	
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:	
	PC1. Describe the three main types of vascular access (fistulae, grafts and catheters)  PC2. Identify the predialysis assessments for all types of vascular access.  PC3. Describe the methods of needle insertion for AVFs and grafts.  PC4. Describe the predialysis assessment, accessing procedure, exit site care, and monitoring of catheters  PC5. Describe how fistulae are created and the pros and cons of these  PC6. Assess the maturity of a fistula  PC7. Describe how grafts are created and the pros and cons of these  PC8. Describe how catheters are placed and the various methods of catheter placement (both short and long term)  PC9. Describe the pros and cons of catheters  PC10. Describe the types of catheter and port/catheter devices  PC11. Assess a fistula or graft prior to each treatment by inspecting (looking for infection, steal syndrome, stenosis, etc.), auscultating (listening for bruit and deep access location), and palpating (feeling for skin temperature, thrill, stenosis, vein diameter etc.) the access  PC12. Assess the blood flow before inserting a needle into the fistula/ graft  PC13. Assess catheters prior to dialysis treatment  PC14. Describe the considerations for accessing catheters and cleansing exit sites  PC15. Describe the various methods for preparing a patient's skin for cannulation  PC16. Prepare a patient's skin for cannulation using anti-bacterial solutions  PC17. Apply a tourniquet  PC18. Select a site for cannulation and insert a needle into the patient's vein  PC19. Understand the concept of Antegrade and retrograde needle direction  PC20. Understand how to rotate cannulation sites for fistulae and grafts  PC21. Secure needles after insertion  PC22. Describe common complications that occur due to:	







<ul> <li>b. Poor needle site rotation</li> <li>c. Dialysis</li> <li>23. Monitor catheters during the treatments</li> <li>24. Describe post-dialysis care for fistulae, catheters and grafts</li> </ul>
23. Monitor catheters during the treatments
24. Describe post-dialysis care for fistulae, catheters and grafts
ing (K)
user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:
L. Clinical practice guidelines for vascular access
2. Clinical guidelines for preparing a site for vascular access
3. Where to obtain supplies of cleaning agents and reusable parts
user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:
The three main types of vascular access (fistulae, grafts and catheters) The process for predialysis assessments for all types of vascular access. The methods of needle insertion for AVFs and grafts. The process for predialysis assessment, accessing procedure, exit site care, and monitoring of catheters How fistulae are created and the pros and cons of these How to assess the maturity of a fistula How grafts are created and the pros and cons of these How catheters are placed and the various methods of catheter placement (both short and long term) The pros and cons of catheters The types of catheter and port/catheter devices How to assess a fistula or graft prior to each treatment by inspecting (looking for infection, steal syndrome, stenosis, etc.), auscultating (listening for bruit and deep access location), and palpating (feeling for skin temperature, thrill, stenosis, vein diameter etc.) the access How to assess the blood flow before inserting a needle into the fistula/ graft How to assess catheters prior to dialysis treatment How to assess catheters prior to dialysis treatment The considerations for accessing catheters and cleansing exit sites The various methods for preparing a patient's skin for cannulation How to prepare a patient's skin for cannulation using anti-bacterial solutions How to apply a tourniquet How to select a site for cannulation and insert a needle into the patient's vein How to rotate cannulation sites for fistulae and grafts How to secure needles after insertion Common complications that occur due to: a. Fistulae, grafts and catheters b. Poor needle site rotation







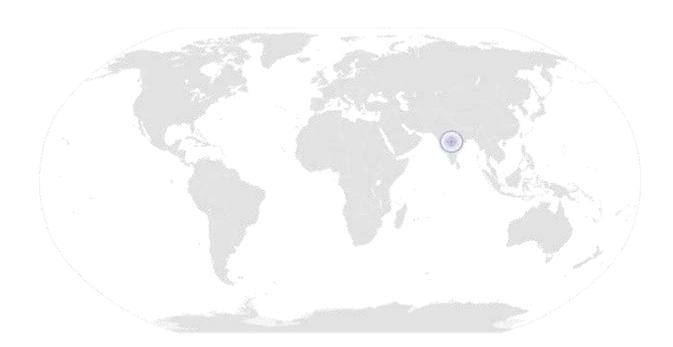
	VP22 How to manifer authorage during the treatments		
	KB23. How to monitor catheters during the treatments		
	KB24. Post-dialysis care for fistulae, catheters and grafts		
Skills (S) ( <u>Optional</u> )			
C. Core Skills/	Writing Skills		
Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA1. Record and report the procedures performed		
	SA2. Record the assessment of the vascular site		
	SA3. Record any problems observed with the fistula, graft or catheter		
	Reading Skills		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA4. Follow instructions for vascular access		
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA5. Communicate any unusual findings regarding the access sites or patient		
	assessment to the appropriate medical personnel		
D. Professional Skills	Decision Making		
	The user/individual on the job needs to:		
	CD4 Identify complications in vaccular access		
	SB1. Identify complications in vascular access SB2. Know when to request for medical attention to a patient's access site, graft,		
	catheter or fistula		
	Plan and Organise		
	The user/individual on the job needs to:		
	The decignation the job needs to:		
	SB3. Plan and organise the dialysis process		
	Patient Centricity		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know:		
	SB4. The importance of cleaning and sterilisation to prevent the spread of		
	infection		
	SB5. How to calm and reassure a patient		
	SB6. How to deal with fear of needles in a patient		
	Problem Solving		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB7. Handle any complication in initiating vascular access		
	Analytical Thinking		







The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
SB8. Perform cleaning and sterilisation procedures in a meticulous manner		
Critical Thinking		
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
SB9. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation, experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to belief and action		









NOS Code	HSS/ N 2710		
Credits(NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	22/05/13
Occupation	Dialysis Technician	Next review date	22/05/15









HSS/ N 2711: Respond to dialysis related emergencies in patient and equipment

# National Occupational Standards



## **Overview**

This OS unit describes the knowledge, understanding, skills required of a Dialysis Technician for responding to any complications or emergencies in the equipment or the patient related to dialysis during the treatment.







HSS/ N 2711: Respond to dialysis related emergencies in patient and equipment

Unit Code	HSS/ N 2711		
Unit Title (Task)	Respond to dialysis related emergencies in patient and equipment		
Description	This OS unit is about responding to any complications or emergencies in the equipment or the patient related to dialysis during the treatment		
Scope	This unit/task covers the following:  Monitoring the patient and equipment during the treatment, Identifying and responding to any complications or emergencies		
Performance Criteria (F	PC) w.r.t. the Scope		
Element	Performance Criteria		
	PC1. Clean up any spillage PC2. Know when the dialysate, dialyzer or other constituents need to be replaced PC3. Follow standard sterilisation and cleaning procedure for the unit PC4. Disinfect dialysis machine according to the manufacturer's recommendations PC5. The dialysate circuit should be exposed to disinfectant		
Knowledge and Unders	standing (K)		
A. Organisational Context (Knowledge of the Healthcare provider/	<ul> <li>The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:</li> <li>KA1. What are the standard procedures for cleaning and sterilization of the machine/unit</li> <li>KA2. Where to obtain supplies of cleaning agents and reusable parts</li> <li>KA3. About the servicing policies adopted by the organisation</li> </ul>		
Organisation and its processes)			
B. Technical Knowledge	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:  KB1. The cleaning and maintenance procedures of the machine KB2. How the reused bicarbonate/acid containers be disinfected between use KB3. How to disinfect the system using disinfectants and rinse solutions KB4. How to rinse machines between chemicals and before a dialysis session KB5. The Dead space is needed between dialysate effluent line and drain KB6. Which parts need replacement and how to do it KB7. How to undertake sterilisation of the unit KB8. The components of the dialysis unit and their functioning		
Skills (S) (Optional)			
E. Core Skills/	Writing Skills		







### HSS/ N 2711: Respond to dialysis related emergencies in patient and equipment

-	to dialysis related emergencies in patient and equipment		
Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA1. Record and report cleaning and sterilisation procedures performed		
	Reading Skills		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA2. Follow instructions on the user manual/brochure of the machine		
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA3. Communicate any unusual findings regarding machine components or sterilisation to the bio-medical engineer or senior technician		
F. Professional Skills	Decision Making		
	The user/individual on the job needs to:		
	SB1. Identify components which need to be replaced		
	SB2. Know which type of observations regarding machine-care need to be		
	reported immediately		
	Plan and Organise		
	The user/individual on the job needs to:		
	SB3. Plan and organise the cleaning and sterilisation process as per the schedule		
	Patient Centricity		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know:		
	SB4. The importance of cleaning and sterilisation to prevent the spread of infection		
	Problem Solving		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB5. Handle any accidental spillage or contamination of the unit		
	Analytical Thinking		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB6. Perform cleaning and sterilisation procedures in a meticulous manner		
	Critical Thinking		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB7. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation,		
	experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to belief and action		







HSS/ N 2711: Respond to dialysis related emergencies in patient and equipment

NOS Code	HSS/ N 2711		
Credits(NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	22/05/13
Occupation	Dialysis Technician	Next review date	22/05/15









# National Occupational Standards



## **Overview**

This OS unit is about aftercare and cleaning of the machine by the dialysis technician to be ready for the next use. Aftercare & cleaning of the dialysis unit is necessary to keep it sterile and maintain its accuracy and functionality for subsequent use.





Huit Code		
Unit Code	HSS/ N 2712	
Unit Title (Task)	Reprocess dialysers	
Description	This OS unit is about aftercare and cleaning of the machine by the dialysis technician and prepare it for the next patient. Aftercare & cleaning of the dialysis unit is necessary to keep it sterile and maintain its accuracy and functionality for subsequent use.	
Scope	This unit/task covers the following:  • Performing the standard procedure for cleaning the different parts using appropriate cleaning agents, Performing procedures to keep the unit sterile and functional	
Performance Criteria (F	PC) w.r.t. the Scope	
Element	Performance Criteria	
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:  PC6. Clean up any spillage	
	PC6. Clear up any sprinage PC7. Know when the dialysate, dialyzer or other constituents need to be replaced PC8. Follow standard sterilisation and cleaning procedure for the unit PC9. Disinfect dialysis machine according to the manufacturer's recommendations PC10. The dialysate circuit should be exposed to disinfectant	
Knowledge and Unders		
B. Organisational Context	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:	
(Knowledge of the	KA4. What are the standard procedures for cleaning and sterilization of the machine/unit	
Healthcare provider/ Organisation and	KA5. Where to obtain supplies of cleaning agents and reusable parts KA6. About the servicing policies adopted by the organisation	
its processes)		
B. Technical Knowledge	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:	
	KB9. The cleaning and maintenance procedures of the machine	
	KB10. How the reused bicarbonate/acid containers be disinfected between use	
	KB11. How to disinfect the system using disinfectants and rinse solutions	
	KB12. How to rinse machines between chemicals and before a dialysis session KB13. The Dead space is needed between dialysate effluent line and drain	
	KB14. Which parts need replacement and how to do it	
	KB15. How to undertake sterilisation of the unit	
	KB16. The components of the dialysis unit and their functioning	
Skills (S) ( <u>Optional</u> )		







-	rocess dialysers		
G. Core Skills/	Writing Skills		
Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA4. Record and report cleaning and sterilisation procedures performed		
	Reading Skills		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	The abery marriadar on the job freeds to know and anderstand from to		
	SA5. Follow instructions on the user manual/brochure of the machine		
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)		
	oral communication (Listening and Speaking skills)		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA6. Communicate any unusual findings regarding machine components or		
	sterilisation to the bio-medical engineer or senior technician		
H. Professional Skills	Decision Making		
Ti. FTOTESSIONAL SKIIIS	<u> </u>		
	The user/individual on the job needs to:		
	SB8. Identify components which need to be replaced		
	SB9. Know which type of observations regarding machine-care need to be		
	reported immediately		
	Plan and Organise		
	The user/individual on the job needs to:		
	SB10. Plan and organise the cleaning and sterilisation process as per the schedule		
	Patient Centricity		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know:		
	SB11. The importance of cleaning and sterilisation to prevent the spread of		
	infection		
	Problem Solving		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB12. Handle any accidental spillage or contamination of the unit		
	Analytical Thinking		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	The user/marvioual on the job freeds to know and understand now to.		
	SB13. Perform cleaning and sterilisation procedures in a meticulous manner		
	Critical Thinking		
	Chicker Hilliking		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB14. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation,		
	experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to belief and action		







NOS Code	HSS/ N 2712		
Credits(NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	22/05/13
Occupation	Dialysis Technician	Next review date	22/05/15

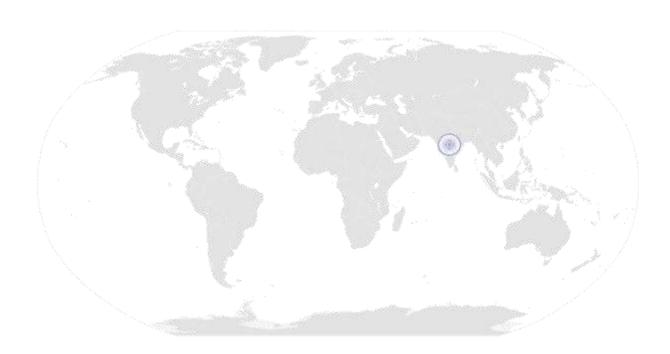








# National Occupational Standards



# **Overview**

This OS unit is about operating, maintaining and monitoring the water treatment plant.







Unit Code	HSS/ N 2713		
Unit Title (Task)	Operate and maintain water treatment plant		
Description	This OS unit is about operating, maintaining, and monitoring the water treatment plant		
Scope	This unit/task covers the following:  Checking and maintaining the water treatment plant for proper functioning		
Performance Criteria (	PC) w.r.t. the Scope		
Element	Performance Criteria		
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:		
	PC1. Check the incoming water temperature PC2. Look around the RO(reverse osmosis) system for any visible fluid leaks PC3. Check and record the pressure gauge PC4. Measure and record the pressures before and after the endotoxin filter PC5. Record all checks, including time and initials, on the Daily Dialysis Water Equipment Monitoring Log Sheet PC6. Check and record the pump, reject, and product pressures PC7. Check and record the recycle, waste, and permeate flow rates PC8. Check and record the inlet and permeate conductivities PC9. Read the RO monitor and record the conductivity and percent rejection PC10. Check and record the pump run hours PC11. Check the multi-media sediment filter PC12. Measure and record the pressures before and after the multi-media filter PC13. Check the water softener PC14. Measure and record the pressures before and after the water softener PC15. Check and record the setting for the regeneration timer. The timer should be set to activate when the facility, especially the RO, is not operating PC16. Check the brine tank		
Knowledge and Under			
A. Organisational Context (Knowledge of the Healthcare provider/ Organisation and its processes)	<ul> <li>The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:</li> <li>KA1. What are the standard procedures for cleaning and sterilization of the machine/unit</li> <li>KA2. Where to obtain supplies of cleaning agents and reusable parts</li> <li>KA3. About the servicing policies adopted by the organisation</li> </ul>		







B. Technical Knowledge	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
Kilowieuge	KB1. Measure and record the pressures before and after the pre-filter		
	KB2. Calculate and record the pressure change across the pre-filter		
	KB3. Calculate and record the pressure change across the filter		
	KB4. Perform chemical analyses for contaminants in the water, If the conductivity		
	is less than the prescribed limit		
	KB5. Perform chemical analyses for contaminants in the water, If the percent		
	rejection is less than 90%		
	KB6. Look for the presence of a salt bridge, where salt at the top of the tank		
	solidifies, making it appear as though the tank is full when it is actually empty underneath		
	KB7. Check and record whether the salt pellets fill at least half the tank		
	KB8. Test for total hardness		
	KB9. Collect a sample of water at the water softener output		
	KB10. Use an EDTA (Ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid) test or dip-and-read test strips		
	to test for total hardness by measuring the calcium carbonate concentration		
Skills (S) ( <u>Optional</u> )			
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills		
Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	CA1 Pagerd and report the faults		
	SA1. Record and report the faults		
	Reading Skills		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA2. Follow instructions on the user manual/brochure of the machine		
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA3. Communicate any unusual findings regarding machine components or		
	sterilisation to the bio-medical engineer or senior technician		
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making		
	The user/individual on the job needs to:		
	SB1. Identify components which need to be replaced		
	SB2. Know which type of observations regarding water treatment plant-care need		
	to be reported immediately		
	Plan and Organise		
	The user/individual on the job needs to:		
	SB3. Plan and organise the checking and maintenance as per the schedule		
	Patient Centricity		







Th	he user/individual on the job needs to know:		
S	SB4. The importance of maintenance to prevent the spread of infection		
Pi	roblem Solving		
Th	he user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
S	SB5. Handle any accidental spillage or contamination of the unit		
A	Analytical Thinking  The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
Th			
S	SB6. Perform procedure in a meticulous manner		
Cı	ritical Thinking		
Th	he user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
S	SB7. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation, experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to belief and action		







NOS Code	HSS/ N 2713		
Credits(NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	22/05/13
Occupation	Dialysis Technician	Next review date	22/05/15









# National Occupational Standards



## **Overview**

This Occupational Standard describes the knowledge, understanding, skills required of an Allied Health Professional to recognise the boundaries of the role and responsibilities and working within the level of competence in accordance with legislation, protocols and guidelines







Unit Code	HSS/ N 9603			
Unit Title (Task)	Act within the limits of one's competence and authority			
Description	This OS unit is about recognising the boundaries of the role and responsibilities and working within the level of competence in accordance with legislation, protocols and guidelines  This is applicable to all Allied Health Professionals working in an organised, regulated environment			
Scope	This unit/task covers the following:  • Acting within the limit of one's competence and authority;  ○ Knowing one's job role ○ Knowing one's job responsibility ○ Recognising the job role and responsibilities of co workers			
	<b>Reference:</b> 'This National Occupational Standard is from the UK Skills for Health suite [SFHGEN63, Act within the limits of your competence and authority] It has been tailored to apply to healthcare in India and has been reproduced with their permission'.			
Performance Criteria (PC) wrt The Scope				
Element	Performance Criteria			
	PC1. Adhere to legislation, protocols and guidelines relevant to one's role and field of practice  PC2. Work within organisational systems and requirements as appropriate to one's role  PC3. Recognise the boundary of one's role and responsibility and seek supervision when situations are beyond one's competence and authority  PC4. Maintain competence within one's role and field of practice  PC5. Use relevant research based protocols and guidelines as evidence to inform one's practice  PC6. Promote and demonstrate good practice as an individual and as a team member at all times  PC7. Identify and manage potential and actual risks to the quality and safety of practice  PC8. Evaluate and reflect on the quality of one's work and make continuing improvements			
Knowledge and Understanding (K)				
A. Organisational Context	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:			







1133/ N 3003. ACT WITH	in the limits of one's competence and authority			
(Knowledge of the	KA1. The relevant legislation, standards, policies, and procedures followed in the			
Healthcare	organisation			
provider/	KA2. The medical procedures and functioning of required medical equipment			
Organisation and	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
_	KA3. Role and importance of assisting other healthcare providers in delivering care			
its processes)				
B. Technical	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:			
Knowledge				
	KB1. The boundaries of one's role and responsibilities and other team members			
	KB2. The reasons for working within the limits of one's competence and authority			
	KB3. The importance of personally promoting and demonstrating good practice			
	KB4. The legislation, protocols and guidelines effecting one's work			
	KB5. The organisational systems and requirements relevant to one's role			
	KB6. The sources of information that can be accessed to maintain an awareness of			
	research and developments in one's area of work			
	KB7. The difference between direct and indirect supervision and autonomous			
	practice, and which combination is most applicable in different circumstances			
	KB8. The risks to quality and safety arising from:			
	Working outside the boundaries of competence and authority			
	<ul> <li>Not keeping up to date with best practice</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Poor communication</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Insufficient support</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Lack of resources</li> </ul>			
	KB9. The importance of individual or team compliance with legislation, protocols,			
	and guidelines and organisational systems and requirements			
	KB10. How to Report and minimise risks			
	KB11. The principle of meeting the organisation's needs, and how this should enable			
	one to recognise one's own limitations and when one should seek support from			
	others			
	KB12. The processes by which improvements to protocols/guidelines and			
	organisational systems/requirements should be reported			
	KB13. The procedure for accessing training, learning and development needs for			
	oneself and/or others within one's organisation			
	KB14. The actions that can be taken to ensure a current, clear and accurate			
	· ·			
	understanding of roles and responsibilities is maintained, and how this affects			
	the way one work as an individual or part of a team			
Skills (S)				
A. Core Skills	Writing Skills			
/Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
/ Generic Skills	The user/ maividual on the job needs to know and understand now to.			
	SA1. Document reports, task lists, and schedules			
	SA2. Prepare status and progress reports			
	SA3. Record daily activities			
	SA3. Record daily activities			
	SA3. Record daily activities SA4. Update other co-workers			







	the littles of one's competence and authority				
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:				
	SA5. Read about changes in legislations and organisational policies				
	SA6. Keep updated with the latest knowledge				
	area meet apartee man are talest me meete				
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)				
	The control of the description of the control of th				
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:				
	SA7. Discuss task lists, schedules, and work-loads with co-workers				
	SA8. Give clear instructions to patients and co-workers				
	SA9. Keep patient informed about progress				
	SA10. Avoid using jargon, slang or acronyms when communicating with a patient				
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making				
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:				
	SB1. Make decisions pertaining to the concerned area of work in relation to job role				
	Plan and Organise				
	Not applicable				
	Patient Centricity				
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:				
	SB2. Communicate effectively with patients and their family, physicians, and other				
	members of the health care team				
	SB3. Be responsive and listen empathetically to establish rapport in a way that				
	promotes openness on issues of concern				
	SB4. Be sensitive to potential cultural differences				
	SB5. Maintain patient confidentiality				
	SB6. Respect the rights of the patient(s)				
	Problem Solving				
	Not applicable				
	Analytical Thinking				
	Not applicable				
	Critical Thinking				
	Not applicable				







NOS Code	HSS/ N 9603		
Credits(NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	22/05/13
		Next review date	22/05/15









# National Occupational Standards



## **Overview**

This Occupational Standard describes the knowledge, understanding, skills required of an Allied Health Professional to work effectively with other people and integrate one's work the work of other people







Unit Title (Task)  Description  This OS unit is about working effectively with other people who can be part of the immediate team, organisation or external to the team or organisation This OS unit applies to all Allied health professionals working in a team or collaborative environment  Scope  This unit covers the following:  • Working with other people to meet requirements, Sharing information with others to enable efficient delivery of work, Communicating with other team me bers and people internal or external to the organisation  Performance Criteria (PC) wrt The Scope
This OS unit is about working effectively with other people who can be part of the immediate team, organisation or external to the team or organisation. This OS unit applies to all Allied health professionals working in a team or collaborative environment  Scope  This unit covers the following:  Working with other people to meet requirements, Sharing information with others to enable efficient delivery of work, Communicating with other team me bers and people internal or external to the organisation  Performance Criteria (PC) wrt The Scope
This OS unit is about working effectively with other people who can be part of the immediate team, organisation or external to the team or organisation. This OS unit applies to all Allied health professionals working in a team or collaborative environment.  Scope  This unit covers the following:  Working with other people to meet requirements, Sharing information with others to enable efficient delivery of work, Communicating with other team me bers and people internal or external to the organisation.  Performance Criteria (PC) wrt The Scope
immediate team, organisation or external to the team or organisation This OS unit applies to all Allied health professionals working in a team or collaborative environment  Scope This unit covers the following:  • Working with other people to meet requirements, Sharing information with others to enable efficient delivery of work, Communicating with other team me bers and people internal or external to the organisation  Performance Criteria (PC) wrt The Scope
This OS unit applies to all Allied health professionals working in a team or collaborative environment  Scope  This unit covers the following:  • Working with other people to meet requirements, Sharing information with others to enable efficient delivery of work, Communicating with other team me bers and people internal or external to the organisation  Performance Criteria (PC) wrt The Scope
Collaborative environment  Scope  This unit covers the following:  • Working with other people to meet requirements, Sharing information with others to enable efficient delivery of work, Communicating with other team me bers and people internal or external to the organisation  Performance Criteria (PC) wrt The Scope
Working with other people to meet requirements , Sharing information with others to enable efficient delivery of work , Communicating with other team me bers and people internal or external to the organisation  Performance Criteria (PC) wrt The Scope
others to enable efficient delivery of work , Communicating with other team me bers and people internal or external to the organisation  Performance Criteria (PC) wrt The Scope
bers and people internal or external to the organisation  Performance Criteria (PC) wrt The Scope
Performance Criteria (PC) wrt The Scope
Element Performance Criteria
To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:
To be desired, the user, manual on the job made as a size to.
PC1. Communicate with other people clearly and effectively
PC2. Integrate one's work with other people's work effectively
PC3. Pass on essential information to other people on timely basis
PC4. Work in a way that shows respect for other people
PC5. Carry out any commitments made to other people
PC6. Reason out the failure to fulfill commitment
PC7. Identify any problems with team members and other people and take the
initiative to solve these problems
PC8. Follow the organisation's policies and procedures
Knowledge and Understanding (K)
A. Organisational To be competent the user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:
Context (Knowledge of the KA1. The people who make up the team and how they fit into the work of the
(Knowledge of the Healthcare KA1. The people who make up the team and how they fit into the work of the organisation
provider/ KA2. The responsibilities of the team and their importance to the organisation
Organisation and KA3. The business, mission, and objectives of the organisation
its processes) KA4. Effective working relationships with the people external to the team, with wh
the individual works on a regular basis
KA5. Procedures in the organisation to deal with conflict and poor working
relationships
<b>B. Technical</b> To be competent the user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand:
Knowledge
KB1. The importance of communicating clearly and effectively with other people
how to do so face-to-face, by telephone and in writing
KB2. The essential information that needs to be shared with other people KB3. The importance of effective working relationships and how these can
contribute towards effective working relationships and now these can
KB4. The importance of integrating ones work effectively with others







1133) 14 3004: WORKER	ectively with others
	KB5. The types of working relationships that help people to work well together and
	the types of relationships that need to be avoided
	KB6. The types of opportunities an individual may seek out to improve relationships
	with others
	KB7. How to deal with difficult working relationships with other people to sort out
	problems
Skills (S)	
A. Core Skills /	Writing Skills
Generic Skills	To be competent, the user / individual on the job needs to know and understand how
	to:
	SA1. Communicate essential information in writing
	SA2. Write effective communications to share information with the team members
	and other people outside the team
	and other people outside the team
	Reading Skills
	To be seemed at the user/individual on the inhursed to be used understand how
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how
	to:
	SA3. Read and understand essential information
	SAS. Read and understand essential information
	Oral Communication (Listening and speaking skills)
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how
	to:
	SA4. Communicate essential information to colleagues face-to-face or through
	telecommunications
	SA5. Question others appropriately in order to understand the nature of the request
B. Professional Skills	or compliant
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making
	To be competent, the user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how
	to:
	SB1. Make decisions pertaining to work
	Plan and Organise
	To be competent, the user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how
	to:
	SB2. Plan and organise files and documents
	, and the second
	Patient Centricity
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how
	to:
	SB3. Communicate effectively with patients and their family, physicians, and other
	members of the health care team







SB4.	Be capable of being responsive, listen empathetically to establish rapport in a
	way that promotes openness on issues of concern

SB5. Be sensitive to potential cultural differences

SB6. Maintain patient confidentiality

SB7. Respect the rights of the patient(s)

### **Problem Solving**

To be competent, the user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

SB8. Identify problems while working with others and devise effective solutions

### **Analytical Thinking**

Not applicable

### **Critical Thinking**

Not Applicable









# **NOS Version Control**

NOS Code	HSS/ N 9604		
Credits(NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	28/01/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	Dd/mm/yy
		Next review date	Dd/mm/yy









# National Occupational Standards



## **Overview**

This Occupational Standard describes the knowledge, understanding, skills required of an Allied Health Professional to monitor the working environment, and making sure it meets health, safety and security requirements.







Unit Code	HSS/ N 9606				
Unit Title (Task)	Maintain a safe, healthy, and secure working environment				
Description	This OS unit is about monitoring the working environment and ensuring a safe, healthy, secure and effective working conditions  This OS unit applies to all Allied Health professionals working within an organised workplace				
This unit covers the following:  • Complying the health, safety and security requirements and proced workplace, Handling any hazardous situation with safely, competer within the limits of authority, Reporting any hazardous situation as breach in procedures to ensure a safe, healthy, secure working environment					
Performance Criteria (F	PC) wrt The Scope				
Element	Performance Criteria				
	<ul> <li>To be competent, the user/ individual on the job must be able to:</li> <li>PC1. Identify individual responsibilities in relation to maintaining workplace health safety and security requirements</li> <li>PC2. Comply with health, safety and security procedures for the workplace</li> <li>PC3. Report any identified breaches in health, safety, and security procedures to the designated person</li> <li>PC4. Identify potential hazards and breaches of safe work practices</li> <li>PC5. Correct any hazards that individual can deal with safely, competently and within the limits of authority</li> <li>PC6. Promptly and accurately report the hazards that individual is not allowed to deal with, to the relevant person and warn other people who may get affected</li> <li>PC7. Follow the organisation's emergency procedures promptly, calmly, and efficiently</li> <li>PC8. Identify and recommend opportunities for improving health, safety, and security to the designated person</li> <li>PC9. Complete any health and safety records legibly and accurately</li> </ul>				
Knowledge and Unders					
A. Organisational Context (Knowledge of the Healthcare provider/ Organisation and its processes)	To be competent, the user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand:  KA1. The importance of health, safety, and security in the workplace  KA2. The basic requirements of the health and safety and other legislations and regulations that apply to the workplace  KA3. The person(s) responsible for maintaining healthy, safe, and secure workplace  KA4. The relevant up-to-date information on health, safety, and security that applies to the workplace  KA5. How to report the hazard  KA6. The responsibilities of individual to maintain safe, healthy and secure workplace				







B. Technical	To be competent, the user / individual on the job needs to know and understand:			
Knowledge				
	KB1. Requirements of health, safety and security in workplace			
	KB2. How to create safety records and maintaining them			
	KB3. The importance of being alert to health, safety, and security hazards in the work environment			
	KB4. The common health, safety, and security hazards that affect people working in			
	an administrative role			
	KB5. How to identify health, safety, and security hazards			
	KB6. The importance of warning others about hazards and how to do so until the			
	hazard is dealt with			
Skills (S)				
A. Generic Skills	Writing Skills			
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how			
	to:			
	SA1. Report and record incidents			
	Reading Skills			
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how			
	to:			
	SA2. Read and understand company policies and procedures			
	Oral Communication (Listening and speaking skills)			
	To be competent, the user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how			
	to:			
	SA3. Clearly report hazards and incidents with the appropriate level of urgency			
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making			
	To be competent, the user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how			
	to:			
	SB1. Make decisions pertaining to the area of work			
	Plan and Organise			
	To be competent, the user / individual on the job needs to know and understand how			
	to:			
	SB2. Plan for safety of the work environment			
	Patient Centricity			
	To be competent, the user / individual on the job needs to know and understand:			
	CD2 Communicate offertively with metions and their family wherings and all the			
	SB3. Communicate effectively with patients and their family, physicians, and other members of the health care team			
	SB4. Be capable of being responsive, listen empathetically to establish rapport in a			
	way that promotes openness on issues of concern			
	1 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1			







SB5. Be sensitive to potential cultural difference
--

SB6. Maintain patient confidentiality

SB7. Respect the rights of the patient(s)

### **Problem Solving**

To be competent, the user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

SB8. Identify hazards, evaluate possible solutions and suggest effective solutions

### **Analytical Thinking**

To be competent, the user needs to know and understand how to:

SB9. Analyse the seriousness of hazards

### **Critical Thinking**

To be competent, the user needs to know and understand how to:

SB10. Analyse, evaluate and apply the information gathered from observation, experience, reasoning, or communication to act efficiently







# **NOS Version Control**

NOS Code	HSS/ N 9606		
Credits(NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	22/05/13
		Next review date	22/05/15









# National Occupational Standards



## **Overview**

This Occupational Standard describes the knowledge, understanding and skills required of an Allied Health professional to manage biomedical waste



# National Occupational Standards



Unit Code	HSS/ N 9609		
Unit Title (Task)	Follow biomedical waste disposal protocols		
Description	This OS unit is about the safe handling and management of health care waste.  This unit applies to all Allied Health professionals.		
Scope	This unit/task covers the following:  Classification of the Waste Generated, Segregation of Biomedical Waste, Proper collection and storage of Waste  Reference: 'The content of this National Occupational Standard is drawn from the UK Skills for Health NOS [SFHCHS212 Disposal of clinical and non-clinical waste within healthcare and SFHCHS213 Implement an audit trail for managing waste within healthcare]'		
Performance Criteria (F	PC) w.r.t. the Scope		
Element	Performance Criteria		
	PC1. Follow the appropriate procedures, policies and protocols for the method of collection and containment level according to the waste type  PC2. Apply appropriate health and safety measures and standard precautions for infection prevention and control and personal protective equipment relevant to the type and category of waste  PC3. Segregate the waste material from work areas in line with current legislation and organisational requirements  PC4. Segregation should happen at source with proper containment, by using different color coded bins for different categories of waste  PC5. Check the accuracy of the labelling that identifies the type and content of waste  PC6. Confirm suitability of containers for any required course of action appropriate to the type of waste disposal  PC7. Check the waste has undergone the required processes to make it safe for transport and disposal  PC8. Transport the waste to the disposal site, taking into consideration its associated risks  PC9. Report and deal with spillages and contamination in accordance with current legislation and procedures  PC10. Maintain full, accurate and legible records of information and store in correct location in line with current legislation, guidelines, local policies and protocols		
Knowledge and Unders			
A. Organisational Context	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:		







/// availed as of the WA1 Posis requirements of the health and enfatuement and ather legislations and				
(Knowledge of the	KA1. Basic requirements of the health and safety and other legislations and			
Healthcare	regulations that apply to the organisation			
provider/	KA2. Person(s) responsible for health, safety, and security in the organisation			
Organisation and	KA3. Relevant up-to-date information on health, safety, and security that applies to			
_	the organisation			
its processes)	KA4. Organisation's emergency procedures and responsibilities for handling			
	hazardous situations			
B. Technical	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:			
Knowledge	•			
	KB1. How to categorise waste according to national, local and organisational			
	guidelines			
	KB2. The appropriate approved disposal routes for waste			
	KB3. The appropriate containment or dismantling requirements for waste and			
	how to make the waste safe for disposal			
	·			
	KB4. The importance to adhere to the organisational and national waste			
	management principles and procedures			
	KB5. The hazards and risks associated with the disposal and the importance of risk			
	assessments and how to provide these			
	KB6. The personal protective equipment required to manage the different types			
	of waste generated by different work activities			
	KB7. The importance of working in a safe manner when carrying out procedures			
	for biomedical waste management in line with local and national policies and			
	legislation			
	KB8. The required actions and reporting procedures for any accidents, spillages			
	and contamination involving waste			
	KB9. The requirements of the relevant external agencies involved in the transport			
	and receipt of your waste			
	KB10. The importance of segregating different types of waste and how to do this			
	KB11. The safe methods of storage and maintaining security of waste and the			
	permitted accumulation times			
	KB12. The methods for transporting and monitoring waste disposal and the			
	appropriateness of each method to a given scenario			
	KB13. How to report any problems or delays in waste collection and where to seel			
	advice and guidance			
	KB14. The importance of the organisation monitoring and obtaining an assessment			
	of the impact the waste has on the environment			
	KB15. The current national legislation, guidelines, local policies and protocols			
	which affect work practice			
	KB16. The policies and guidance that clarify your scope of practice, accountabilities			
	and the working relationship between yourself and others			
Skills (S) ( <u>Optional</u> )				
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills			
Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
	SA1. Report and record incidents			







11337 11 30031 1 011011 21	omedical waste disposal protocols				
	Reading Skills				
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:				
	SA2. Read and understand company policies and procedures for managing biomedical waste				
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)				
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:				
	SA3. Report hazards and incidents clearly with the appropriate level of urgency				
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making				
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:				
	CD4 Make desiring ports in ing to the error of work				
	SB1. Make decisions pertaining to the area of work SB2. Exhibit commitment to the organisation and exert effort and perseverance				
	Plan and Organise				
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:				
	The start, mandation the job meets to know and anderstand not to				
	SB3. Organise files and documents				
	SB4. Plan for safety of the work environment				
	SB5. Recommend and implement plan of action				
	Patient Centricity				
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:				
	SB6. How to make exceptional effort to keep the environment and work place clean				
	Problem Solving				
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:				
	SB7. Identify hazards and suggest effective solutions to identified problems of				
	waste management  Analytical Thinking				
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:				
	SB8. Analyse the seriousness of hazards and proper waste management				
	Critical Thinking				
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:				
	SB9. Evaluate opportunities to improve health, safety and security				
	SB10. Show understanding and empathy for others				

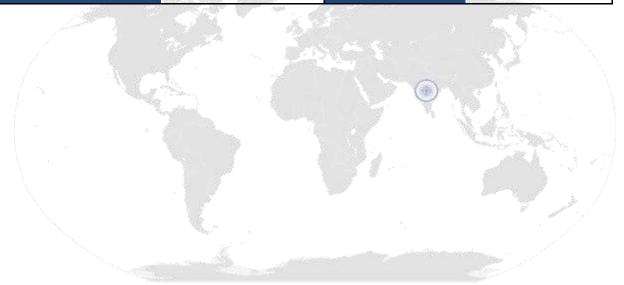






# **NOS Version Control**

NOS Code	HSS/ N 9609		
Credits(NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	22/05/13
		Next review date	22/05/15









# National Occupational Standards



.....

## **Overview**

This Occupational Standard describes the knowledge, understanding, skills required of an Allied Health professional to comply with infection control policies and procedures.





Unit Code	HSS/ N 9610
Unit Title (Task)	Follow infection control policies and procedures
Description	This OS unit is about complying with infection control policies and procedures. It is applicable to workers who are responsible for workplace procedures to maintain
	infection control.
	This unit applies to all Allied Health professionals.
Scope	This unit/task covers the following:
	Complying with an effective infection control strategy with an effective infection control strategy that ensures the safety of the patient (or end-user of health-related products/services), Maintaining personal protection and preventing the transmission of infections from person to person
Performance Criteria	(PC) w.r.t. the Scope
Element	Performance Criteria
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:
	PC7. Preform the standard precautions to prevent the spread of infection in
	accordance with organisation requirements
	PC8. Preform the additional precautions when standard precautions alone may not be sufficient to prevent transmission of infection
	PC9. Minimise contamination of materials, equipment and instruments by aerosols and splatter
	PC10. Identify infection risks and implement an appropriate response within own role and responsibility
	PC11. Document and report activities and tasks that put patients and/or other workers at risk
	PC12. Respond appropriately to situations that pose an infection risk in accordance with the policies and procedures of the organization
	PC13. Follow procedures for risk control and risk containment for specific risks
	PC14. Follow protocols for care following exposure to blood or other body fluids as required
	PC15. Place appropriate signs when and where appropriate
	PC16. Remove spills in accordance with the policies and procedures of the organization
	PC17. Maintain hand hygiene by washing hands before and after patient contact and/or after any activity likely to cause contamination
	PC18. Follow hand washing procedures
	PC19. Implement hand care procedures
	PC20. Cover cuts and abrasions with water-proof dressings and change as necessary
	PC21. Wear personal protective clothing and equipment that complies with Indian







H33/ N 3003. FUIIOW DIOI	Heulta	i waste disposal protocols
		Standards, and is appropriate for the intended use
	PC22.	Change protective clothing and gowns/aprons daily, more frequently if soiled
		and where appropriate, after each patient contact
	PC23.	Demarcate and maintain clean and contaminated zones in all aspects of
		health care work
	PC24.	Confine records, materials and medicaments to a well-designated clean zone
	PC25.	Confine contaminated instruments and equipment to a well-designated
		contaminated zone
	PC26.	Wear appropriate personal protective clothing and equipment in accordance
		with occupational health and safety policies and procedures when handling
		waste
	PC27.	Separate waste at the point where it has been generated and dispose of into
		waste containers that are colour coded and identified
	PC28.	Store clinical or related waste in an area that is accessible only to authorised
		persons
and the second s	PC29.	Handle, package, label, store, transport and dispose of waste appropriately to
		minimise potential for contact with the waste and to reduce the risk to the environment from accidental release
	PC30.	
	r C30.	organisation and legislative requirements
	DC31	Wear personal protective clothing and equipment during cleaning procedures
		Remove all dust, dirt and physical debris from work surfaces
	PC33.	
	rcss.	before and after each session or when visibly soiled
	PC34.	
	1 054.	quality management systems to ensure full compliance with cleaning,
		disinfection and sterilisation protocols
	PC35.	Dry all work surfaces before and after use
	PC36.	Replace surface covers where applicable
	PC37.	
	1 037.	

### **Knowledge and Understanding (K)**

	- · · ·
B. Organisational Context	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:
(Knowledge of the Healthcare provider/ Organisation and its processes)	<ul> <li>KA4. The organisation's infection control policies and procedures</li> <li>KA5. Organisation requirements relating to immunisation, where applicable</li> <li>KA6. Standard precautions</li> <li>KA7. Good personal hygiene practice including hand care</li> </ul>
B. Technical	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:
Knowledge	KB4. Additional precautions  KB5. Aspects of infectious diseases including: - opportunistic organisms - pathogens  KB6. Basic microbiology including:







HSS/ N 9609: Follow biomedical waste disposal protocols			
	- bacteria and bacterial spores		
	- fungi		
	- viruses		
	KB7. How to clean and sterile techniques		
	KB8. The path of disease transmission:		
	- paths of transmission including direct contact and penetrating injuries		
	- risk of acquisition		
	- sources of infecting microorganisms including persons who are carriers, in		
	the incubation phase of the disease or those who are acutely ill		
	KB9. Effective hand hygiene:		
	- procedures for routine hand wash		
	- procedures for surgical hand wash		
	- when hands must be washed		
	KB10. Good personal hygiene practice including hand care		
	KB11. Identification and management of infectious risks in the workplace		
	KB12. How to use personal protective equipment such as:		
	- guidelines for glove use		
	- guidelines for wearing gowns and waterproof aprons		
	- guidelines for wearing masks as required		
	- guidelines for wearing protective glasses		
	KB13. Susceptible hosts including persons who are immune suppressed, have		
	chronic diseases such as diabetes and the very young or very old		
	KB14. Surface cleaning:		
	- cleaning procedures at the start and end of the day		
	-managing a blood or body fluid spill		
	- routine surface cleaning		
	KB15. Sharps handling and disposal techniques		
	KB16. The following:		
	- Follow infection control guidelines		
	- Identify and respond to infection risks		
	- Maintain personal hygiene		
	- Use personal protective equipment		
	- Limit contamination		
	- Handle, package, label, store transport and dispose of clinical and other		
	waste		
	- Clean environmental surfaces		
Skills (S) ( <u>Optional</u> )			
C. Core Skills/	Writing Skills		
Generic Skills	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA5. Consistently apply hand washing, personal hygiene and personal protection		
	protocols		
	SA6. Consistently apply clean and sterile techniques		
	SA7. Consistently apply protocols to limit contamination		
	Reading Skills		







H33/ N 9609: FOIIOW DI	iomedical waste disposal protocols			
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
	SA8. Follow instructions as specified in the protocols			
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)			
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
	SA9. Listen patiently SA10. Provide feedback (verbal and non-verbal) to encourage smooth flow of			
	information			
D. Professional Skills	Decision Making			
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
	SB10. Take into account opportunities to address waste minimisation,			
	environmental responsibility and sustainable practice issues			
	SB11. Apply additional precautions when standard precautions are not sufficient			
	Plan and Organise			
	The user/individual on the job needs to:			
	SB12. Consistently ensure instruments used for invasive procedures are sterile at			
	time of use (where appropriate)			
	SB13. Consistently follow the procedure for washing and drying hands SB14. Consistently limit contamination			
	SB14. Consistently limit contamination  SB15. Consistently maintain clean surfaces and manage blood and body fluid spills			
	Patient Centricity			
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
	SB16. Be a good listener and be sensitive to patient			
	SB17. Avoid unwanted and unnecessary communication with patients			
	SB18. Maintain eye contact and non-verbal communication			
	Problem Solving			
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
	SB19. Communicate only facts and not opinions			
	SB20. Give feedback when required			
	Analytical Thinking			
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
	SB21. Coordinate required processes effectively			
	Critical Thinking			
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
	SB22. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation,			
	0			







	experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to belief and action
SB23.	Take into account opportunities to address waste minimisation, environmental responsibility and sustainable practice issues
	environmental responsibility and sustainable practice issues



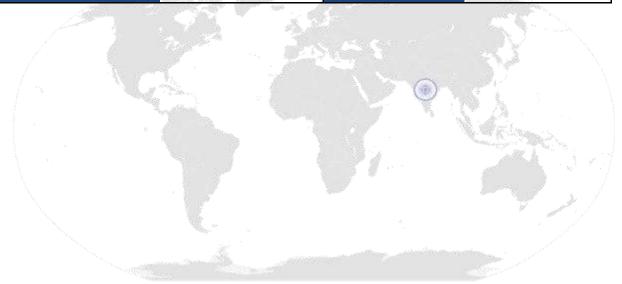






## **NOS Version Control**

NOS Code	HSS/ N 9610				
Credits(NSQF)	TBD	Version number 1.0			
Industry	Health	Drafted on 12/05/13			
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on 22/05/13			
		Next review date	22/05/15		









# National Occupational Standards



### **Overview**

This Occupational Standard describes the knowledge, understanding, skills required of an Allied Health professional to monitor and assure quality







Unit Title (Task)	Monitor and assure quality			
Description	This OS unit is about Assuring quality in all procedures. This unit applies to all Allied Health professionals.			
Scope	This unit/task covers the following:  Monitor treatment process/outcomes, Identify problems in treatment process/outcomes, Solve treatment process/outcome problems, Attend class/read publications to continue industry education, Identify needs and expectations of patient/health care professionals			
Performance Crit	eria (PC) w.r.t. the Scope			
Element	Performance Criteria			
	PC1. Conduct appropriate research and analysis PC2. Evaluate potential solutions thoroughly PC3. Participate in education programs which include current techniques, technology and trends pertaining to the dental industry PC4. Read Dental hygiene, dental and medical publications related to quality consistently and thoroughly PC5. Report any identified breaches in health, safety, and security procedures to the designated person PC6. Identify and correct any hazards that he/she can deal with safely, competently and within the limits of his/her authority PC7. Promptly and accurately report any hazards that he/she is not allowed to dea with to the relevant person and warn other people who may be affected PC8. Follow the organisation's emergency procedures promptly, calmly, and efficiently PC9. Identify and recommend opportunities for improving health, safety, and security to the designated person PC10. Complete any health and safety records legibly and accurately			
Knowledge and U				
A. Organisationa Context (Knowledge of Healthcare provider/ Organisation a its processes)	the  KA1. Basic requirements of the health and safety and other legislations and regulations that apply to the organisation  KA2. Person(s) responsible for health, safety, and security in the organisation  KA3. Relevant up-to-date information on health, safety, and security that applies			
B. Technical Knowledge	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			

Evaluate treatment goals, process and outcomes

KB1.







HSS/ N 9611: Monitor a	and assure quality				
	KB2. Identify problems/deficiencies in dental hygiene treatment goals, processes				
	and outcomes				
	KB3. Accurately identify problems in dental hygiene care				
	KB4. Conduct research				
	KB5. Select and implement proper hygiene interventions				
	KB6. Obtain informed consent				
	KB7. Conduct an honest self-evaluation to identify personal and professional				
	strengths and weaknesses				
	KB8. Access and interpret medical, and scientific literature				
	KB9. Apply human needs/motivational theory				
	KB10. Provide thorough and efficient individualised care				
	KB11. Employ methods to measure satisfaction				
Skills (S) (Optional)					
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills				
Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:				
	SA1. Report and record incidents				
	Reading Skills				
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:				
	The user/marviadar on the job fleeds to know and understand flow to.				
	SA2. Read and understand company policies and procedures				
	AND A POSITION OF THE PARTY OF				
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)				
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:				
	The delighted and the job freeds to know and anderstand now to.				
	SA3. Report hazards and incidents clearly with the appropriate level of urgency				
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making				
b. Floressional Skills					
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:				
	and the first state of the				
	SB1. Make decisions pertaining to the area of work				
	SB2. Exhibit commitment to the organisation and exert effort and perseverance				
	Plan and Organise				
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:				
	SB3. Organise files and documents				
	SB4. Plan for safety of the work environment				
	SB1. Recommend and implement plan of action				
	361. Recommend and implement plan of action				
	Patient Centricity				
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:				
	SB2. How to make exceptional effort to meet patient needs and resolve conflict to patient satisfaction				
	Problem Solving				
	ŭ				







	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	,
	SB3. Identify hazards and suggest effective solutions to identified problems
-	
	Analytical Thinking
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	•
	SB4. Analyse the seriousness of hazards
	Critical Thinking
	Critical Hilliking
-	The second of the state of the
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	CDE Fugliants appropriation to improve health potentially and accounts.
	SB5. Evaluate opportunities to improve health, safety and security
	SB6. Show understanding and empathy for others
	0 1 7









# **NOS Version Control**

NOS Code	HSS/ N 9611				
Credits(NSQF)	TBD	Version number 1.0			
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13		
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	22/05/13		
		Next review date	22/05/15		



	Assessment Form (To be filled	by Assessor for Ea	ach Trainee)		
<u>Job Role</u>	Dialysis Technician	Trainee Name		UID No.	<u>Batch</u>
Qualification Pack	HSS/ Q 2701	Taining Partner		<u>Date</u>	
Sector Skill Council	Healthcare	Name o	f Assessor		
Name & Sign	ature of Representative & Stamp of Assessing Body:				
	Skills Practical and \	/iva (80% weightag	;e)		
			Marks Alloted		Marks Awarded by Assessor
	Grand Total-1 (Subject Domain)		400		#REF!
Gra	and Total-2 (Soft Skills and Comunication)	100			#REF!
	Grand Total-(Skills Practical and Viva)	500		#REF!	
	Passing Marks (80% of Max. Marks)	400			PASS/FAIL
	Theory (20%	6 weightage)			
			Marks Alloted		Marks Awarded by Assessor
	Grand Total-1 (Subject Domain)		80		#REF!
Grand Total-2 (Soft Skills and Comunication)		20		#REF!	
Grand Total-(Theory)		100		#REF!	
Passing Marks (50% of Max. Marks)		50		PASS/FAIL	
Grand Total-(Skills Practical and Viva + Theory)		600		#REF!	
Overall Result		Criteria is to pass in both theory and practical individually. If fail in any one of them, then candidate is fail		PASS/FAIL	

	Assessment Form (To be filled	by Assessor for Ea	ach Traine	<u>ee)</u>				
<u>Job Role</u>	Dialysis Technician	Trainee Name			UID No.		<u>Batch</u>	
Qualification Pack	HSS/ Q 2701	Taining Partner			<u>Date</u>			
Sector Skill Council		Name o	f Assesso	<u>r</u>				
Name & Signa	nture of Representative & Stamp of Assessing Body:				•			
	Skills Practical and V	iva (80% weightag	e)					
			Marks All	oted		Marks A	warded b	y Assessor
	Grand Total-1 (Subject Domain)		400					
Gra	and Total-2 (Soft Skills and Comunication)		100					
	Grand Total-(Skills Practical and Viva)		500					
	Detailed Break Up of Marks			Skills Pr	actical & Vi	va		
	Subject Domain	Pick any 2 NOS	(2 eleme		ach NOS ea		marks) ea	ch of 200
National Occupational Standards (NOS)	Performance Criteria (PC)	Total Marks (400)	Out Of	Marks Allocation		Marks Awarded by Assessor		Grand Total o
			Out Of	Viva	Skills Practical	Viva	Skills Practical	Practical
1.HSS / N 2701 : Collect and assess the patient's chart and vitals	PC1. Read and understand the patients' reports	_	40	20	20			
	PC2. Take measurements of non-invasive blood pressure, body temperature, body weight, breathing rate and/or other vital parameters,		40	20	20			
	PC3. Recognise the levels of vital parameters under which dialysis can be performed safely	200	50	20	30			
	PC4. Identify and manage potential and actual risks to the quality and safety of work	200	30	10	20			
	PC5. Maintain competence within one's role and field of practice		20	10	10			
	PC6. Evaluate and reflect on the quality of one's work and make continuing improvements		20	10	10			
			200	90	110	0	0	
HSS / N 2702 : Manage dialysis machine set up and assemble the	PC1. Needs to know and understand the mechanics and functioning of all parts of the dialysis machine being used		50	20	30			
extracorporeal circuit	PC2. Should know how to calibrate the machine without error		50	20	30			
	PC3. Should ensure that the dialysis unit has been sterilised after previous use	200	40	10	30			

	PC4. Should ensure that all the components required are adequately						
	present		30	10	20		
	PC5. Should know how to assemble and check the extracorporeal circuit						
	parts i.e. the patient connectors, Dialyzer connectors, Drip chamber and		20	4.0	20		
	bubble trap, Blood pump segment, Heparin infusion line, and saline		30	10	20		
	infusion line						
			200	70	130	0	0
3.HSS / N 2703 : Prepare			30	10	20		
	PC1. Maintain patients' privacy						
treatment	PC2. Drape the patient such that it facilitates connecting the patient to the		30	10	20		
	dialysis unit		30	10	20		
	PC3. Explain the need to dress and be placed in particular position for		40	20	20		
	dialysis to patient						
	DC4 Dayfawa aking anakh ka ayaid ayain ayain ayaidh, kalina ayak	200	F0	20	20		
	PC4. Perform actions gently to avoid causing pain specially taking care to not disturb any catheters, IV lines already present		50	20	30		
	not disturb any catheters, iv lines already present						
	PC5. Keep the patient in a comfortable posture		30	10	20		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
	PC6. Provide the appropriate linen including covering sheet depending on						
	the patient (male, female, child) and should know from where to obtain the same		20	0	20		
	the same						
			200	70	130	0	0
.HSS / N 2704 : Connect				70	150	Ü	
.HSS / N 2704 : Connect patient to the dialysis	PC1. Use standard protocols for inserting IV lines and making connections						
	PC1. Use standard protocols for inserting IV lines and making connections to prevent infection and reduce discomfort to the patient		50	20	30		
patient to the dialysis	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					Ü	U U
patient to the dialysis	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		50	20	30	0	
patient to the dialysis	to prevent infection and reduce discomfort to the patient	200				0	
patient to the dialysis	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	200	50	20	30		
patient to the dialysis	to prevent infection and reduce discomfort to the patient  PC2. Understand how to utilise existing catheters for performing dialysis	200	50	20	30		
patient to the dialysis	to prevent infection and reduce discomfort to the patient	200	50	20	30		
patient to the dialysis	to prevent infection and reduce discomfort to the patient  PC2. Understand how to utilise existing catheters for performing dialysis  PC3. Be aware of the protocol of starting the dialysis  PC4. Minimise inconvenience and pain for the patient while performing the	200	50	20	30		
patient to the dialysis	to prevent infection and reduce discomfort to the patient  PC2. Understand how to utilise existing catheters for performing dialysis  PC3. Be aware of the protocol of starting the dialysis	200	50 50 50	20 20 20 20	30 30 30		
patient to the dialysis machine	to prevent infection and reduce discomfort to the patient  PC2. Understand how to utilise existing catheters for performing dialysis  PC3. Be aware of the protocol of starting the dialysis  PC4. Minimise inconvenience and pain for the patient while performing the	200	50 50 50	20 20 20	30 30 30	0	0
patient to the dialysis machine 5.HSS / N 2705 : Monitor	to prevent infection and reduce discomfort to the patient  PC2. Understand how to utilise existing catheters for performing dialysis  PC3. Be aware of the protocol of starting the dialysis  PC4. Minimise inconvenience and pain for the patient while performing the	200	50 50 50	20 20 20 20	30 30 30		
patient to the dialysis machine  5.HSS / N 2705 : Monitor technical/ clinical vitals	PC2. Understand how to utilise existing catheters for performing dialysis  PC3. Be aware of the protocol of starting the dialysis  PC4. Minimise inconvenience and pain for the patient while performing the procedure	200	50 50 50	20 20 20 20	30 30 30		
patient to the dialysis machine 5.HSS / N 2705 : Monitor	PC2. Understand how to utilise existing catheters for performing dialysis PC3. Be aware of the protocol of starting the dialysis PC4. Minimise inconvenience and pain for the patient while performing the procedure  PC1. Understand the various indicators, alarms and sensors of the	200	50 50 50 50 200	20 20 20 20 80	30 30 30 30 120		
patient to the dialysis machine  5.HSS / N 2705 : Monitor technical/ clinical vitals	PC2. Understand how to utilise existing catheters for performing dialysis  PC3. Be aware of the protocol of starting the dialysis  PC4. Minimise inconvenience and pain for the patient while performing the procedure  PC1. Understand the various indicators, alarms and sensors of the dialysis machine	200	50 50 50 50 200	20 20 20 20 80	30 30 30 30 120		
patient to the dialysis machine  5.HSS / N 2705 : Monitor technical/ clinical vitals	PC2. Understand how to utilise existing catheters for performing dialysis  PC3. Be aware of the protocol of starting the dialysis  PC4. Minimise inconvenience and pain for the patient while performing the procedure  PC1. Understand the various indicators, alarms and sensors of the dialysis machine  PC2. Know the corrective steps to be taken when a particular alarm goes	200	50 50 50 50 200	20 20 20 20 80	30 30 30 30 120		
patient to the dialysis machine  5.HSS / N 2705 : Monitor technical/ clinical vitals	PC2. Understand how to utilise existing catheters for performing dialysis  PC3. Be aware of the protocol of starting the dialysis  PC4. Minimise inconvenience and pain for the patient while performing the procedure  PC1. Understand the various indicators, alarms and sensors of the dialysis machine		50 50 50 50 200	20 20 20 20 80 20	30 30 30 30 120 30		
patient to the dialysis machine  5.HSS / N 2705 : Monitor technical/ clinical vitals	PC2. Understand how to utilise existing catheters for performing dialysis  PC3. Be aware of the protocol of starting the dialysis  PC4. Minimise inconvenience and pain for the patient while performing the procedure  PC1. Understand the various indicators, alarms and sensors of the dialysis machine  PC2. Know the corrective steps to be taken when a particular alarm goes off		50 50 50 50 200	20 20 20 20 80 20	30 30 30 30 120 30		
patient to the dialysis machine  5.HSS / N 2705 : Monitor technical/ clinical vitals	PC2. Understand how to utilise existing catheters for performing dialysis  PC3. Be aware of the protocol of starting the dialysis  PC4. Minimise inconvenience and pain for the patient while performing the procedure  PC1. Understand the various indicators, alarms and sensors of the dialysis machine  PC2. Know the corrective steps to be taken when a particular alarm goes		50 50 50 50 200 50 50	20 20 20 20 80 20 20 20	30 30 30 30 120 30 30		
patient to the dialysis machine  5.HSS / N 2705 : Monitor technical/ clinical vitals	PC2. Understand how to utilise existing catheters for performing dialysis  PC3. Be aware of the protocol of starting the dialysis  PC4. Minimise inconvenience and pain for the patient while performing the procedure  PC1. Understand the various indicators, alarms and sensors of the dialysis machine  PC2. Know the corrective steps to be taken when a particular alarm goes off		50 50 50 50 200 50	20 20 20 20 80 20	30 30 30 30 120 30		

			200	90	110	0	0	
6.HSS/ N 2706: Unhook patient from the machine	PC1. Know when dialysis is completed		50	20	30			
patient from the machine	PC2. Detach all connections between patient and unit	-	50	10	40			
	PC3. Carefully remove IV cannulas with minimum discomfort to							
	patient	200	50	10	40			
	PC4. Suitably dress the canola/ catheter to keep it sterile and pain-							
	free for future use if the doctor/nurse instructs		30	10	20			
	PC5. Understand needs of the patient and help them to be		30	10	20			
	comfortable		20	10	10			
	connortable		200	60	140	0	0	
HSS / N 2707 : Record the	PC1. Follow the right format for documenting the dialysis on the		200	00	140	U	U	
treatment	patient's chart		50	20	30			
treatment	patient 3 chart		30	20	30			
	PC2. Record the components/ constituents and their quantities used	200	50	20	30			
	PC3. Understand the importance of documenting the procedure on							
	the patient's chart		50	30	20			
	PC4. Record the quantity and type of constituents like dialysate, acid							
	mixture etc. used during the process		50	30	20			
			200	100	100	0	0	
HSS/ N 2708: Conduct pre								
and post dialysis evaluation								
	PC1. Read and understand the patients' reports		30	10	20			
	PC2. Take measurements of non-invasive blood pressure, body							
	temperature, body weight, breathing rate and/or other vital							
	parameters, as appropriate		30	10	20			
	PC3. Recognise the levels of vital parameters under which dialysis	200						
	can be performed safely		40	15	25			
	PC4. Be alert in noticing any change or distress in the patient during							
	or after dialysis		40	10	30			
			40	10	30			
	PC5. Communicate effectively with patient, doctors and nurses to							
	enable quick remedial action		30	10	20			
	PC6. Document the changes as per protocol		30	15	15			
			200	70	130	0	0	1
HSS/ N 2709: Maintain and			50	25	25			
disinfect the delivery	PC1. Clean up any spillage			23	2.5			
system								
•	1							
•								
·	PC2 Know when the dialysate dialyzer or other constituents need		50	20	30			
·	PC2. Know when the dialysate, dialyzer or other constituents need		50	20	30			
	PC2. Know when the dialysate, dialyzer or other constituents need to be replaced PC3. Follow standard sternisation and cleaning procedure for the	200	50	20	30			

	PC4. Disinfect dialysis machine according to the manufacturer's		40	20	20			
	recommendations		40	20	20			
	PC5. The dialysate circuit should be exposed to disinfectant		30	10	20			
	PCS. The dialysate circuit should be exposed to disinfectant		200	85	115	0	0	
HSS/ N 2710: Evaluate and			200	65	113		U	
prepare the site for	PC1. Describe the three main types of vascular access (fistulae,							
cannulation	grafts and catheters)		10	5	5			
	PC2. Identify the predialysis assessments for all types of vascular							1
	access.		10	5	5			
	PC3. Describe the methods of needle insertion for AVFs and grafts.		10	5	5			
	PC4. Describe the predialysis assessment, accessing procedure, exit		10	5	3			
	site care, and monitoring of catheters		10	5	5			
	PC5. Describe how fistulae are created and the pros and cons of							
	these		10	5	5			
	DCC. Access the reactivity of a fictivity		_	3	_			
	PC6. Assess the maturity of a fistula		5	3	2			
	PC7. Describe how grafts are created and the pros and cons of these		10	7	3			
	PC8. Describe how catheters are placed and the various methods of							
	catheter placement (both short and long term)		10	5	5			
	PC9. Describe the pros and cons of catheters		5	3	2			
	DC10. Describe the types of eatherer and next/eatherer devices		10	r	5			
	PC10. Describe the types of catheter and port/catheter devices PC11. Assess a fistula or graft prior to each treatment by inspecting		10	5	5			
	(looking for infection, steal syndrome, stenosis, etc.), auscultating		10	5	5			
	PC12. Assess the blood flow before inserting a needle into the							1
	fistula/ graft	200	5	2	3			
		200						
	PC13. Assess catheters prior to dialysis treatment		5	2	3			
	PC14. Describe the considerations for accessing catheters and		5	۷	3			
	cleansing exit sites		5	2	3			
	PC15. Describe the various methods for preparing a patient's skin		3	۷	3			
	for cannulation		5	2	3			
	PC16. Prepare a patient's skin for cannulation using anti-bacterial			<u> </u>				
	solutions		10	4	6			
	PC17. Apply a tourniquet PC18. Select a site for cannulation and insert a needle into the		5	1	4			
	patient's vein		5	1	4			
	PC19. Understand the concept of Antegrade and retrograde needle			<b>-</b>	7			
	direction		10	8	2			
	PC20. Understand how to rotate cannulation sites for fistulae and							
	grafts		10	3	7			]

1				I	1		1	1
	PC21. Secure needles after insertion		10	4	6			
	PC22. Describe common complications that occur due to: a. Fistulae,		10	'				1
	grafts and catheters b) b. Poor needle site rotation, c) c. Dialysis		10	5	5			
				_	_			
	PC23. Monitor catheters during the treatments		10	3	7			
	PC24. Describe post-dialysis care for fistulae, catheters and grafts		10	5	5	_	_	
LICC / N. 2711 . Doop and to			200	95	105	0	0	
HSS/ N 2711: Respond to dialysis related								
emergencies in patient and								
equipment	PC1. Clean up any spillage		30	10	20			
								1
	PC2. Know when the dialysate, dialyzer or other constituents need							
	to be replaced		50	30	20			]
	PC3. Follow standard sterilisation and cleaning procedure for the	200						
	unit		30	10	20			
	PC4. Disinfect dialysis machine according to the manufacturer's							1
	recommendations		50	20	30			
								1
	PC5. The dialysate circuit should be exposed to disinfectant		40	10	30			
			200	80	120	0	0	
HSS/ N 2712: Reprocess								
dialyserstreatment	PC1. Clean up any spillage PC2. Know when the dialysate, dialyzer or other constituents need		30	10	20			
guidelines.	to be replaced		F0	30	20			
	PC3. Follow standard sterilisation and cleaning procedure for the		50	30	20			-
	unit	200	30	10	20			
	PC4. Disinfect dialysis machine according to the manufacturer's		- 30					1
	recommendations		50	20	30			
								]
	PC5. The dialysate circuit should be exposed to disinfectant		40	10	30			
			200	80	120	0	0	
HSS/ N 2713: Operate and								
maintain water treatment								
plant	PC1. Check the incoming water temperature		10	2	8			
	PC2. Look around the RO(reverse osmosis) system for any visible							
	fluid leaks		20	5	15			
	DC2. Chaptered appeared the control of		20	_	4.5			
	PC3. Check and record the pressure gauge PC4. Measure and record the pressures before and after the		20	5	15			
	endotoxin filter		10	5	5			
Í	CHOOLOAIII IIILEI		I 10	l <sup>3</sup>	l <sup>3</sup>		<u> </u>	J

	PC5. Record all checks, including time and initials, on the Daily						
	Dialysis Water Equipment Monitoring Log Sheet		20	5	15		
	Didiysis Water Equipment Worldering Edg Sheet		20	<u> </u>	13		
	PC6. Check and record the pump, reject, and product pressures		10	5	5		
	rest effects and record the pump, reject, and product pressures		10				
	PC7. Check and record the recycle, waste, and permeate flow rates	200	10	5	5		
		200					
	PC8. Check and record the inlet and permeate conductivities		10	5	5		
	PC9. Read the RO monitor and record the conductivity and percent		10	2			
	rejection		10	2	8		-
	PC10. Check and record the pump run hours		10	5	5		
	PC11. Check the multi-media sediment filter		10	5	5		
	PC12. Measure and record the pressures before and after the multi-media						
	filter		10	5	5		
	DC13 Cheek the wester softener		10	2			
	PC13. Check the water softener PC14. Measure and record the pressures before and after the water		10	2	8		
	softener		10	5	5		
	PC15. Check and record the setting for the regeneration timer. The timer						
	should be set to activate when the facility, especially the RO, is not		20	5	5		
	PC16. Check the brine tank		10	2	8		
	Total		200	70	130	0	0
HSS/ N 9610 (Follow	DC1 Bustons the standard assess time to assess the same definite time.			0	_		
infection control policies	PC1. Preform the standard precautions to prevent the spread of infection in accordance with organisation requirements		5	0	5		
and procedures)			5	0	5		
	may not be sufficient to prevent transmission of infection				5		
					l 0		
	aerosols and splatter		5	5	0		
	own role and responsibility		20	10	10		
	own role and responsibility other workers at risk		20 5	10 0	10 5		
	own role and responsibility other workers at risk accordance with the policies and procedures of the organization		20 5 5	10 0 0	10 5 5		
	own role and responsibility other workers at risk accordance with the policies and procedures of the organization risks		20 5 5 10	10 0 0 0	10 5 5 10		
	own role and responsibility other workers at risk accordance with the policies and procedures of the organization risks fluids as required		20 5 5 10 10	10 0 0 0 0	10 5 5 10 10		
	own role and responsibility other workers at risk accordance with the policies and procedures of the organization risks fluids as required PC9. Place appropriate signs when and where appropriate		20 5 5 10 10 20	10 0 0 0 0 0	10 5 5 10 10		
	own role and responsibility other workers at risk accordance with the policies and procedures of the organization risks fluids as required PC9. Place appropriate signs when and where appropriate organization		20 5 5 10 10 20 5	10 0 0 0 0 0 10	10 5 5 10 10 10 5		
	own role and responsibility other workers at risk accordance with the policies and procedures of the organization risks fluids as required PC9. Place appropriate signs when and where appropriate organization contact and/or after any activity likely to cause contamination		20 5 5 10 10 20 5	10 0 0 0 0 0 10 0	10 5 5 10 10 10 5 5		
	own role and responsibility other workers at risk accordance with the policies and procedures of the organization risks fluids as required PC9. Place appropriate signs when and where appropriate organization contact and/or after any activity likely to cause contamination PC12. Follow hand washing procedures		20 5 5 10 10 20 5 5	10 0 0 0 0 10 0 0	10 5 5 10 10 10 5 5		
	own role and responsibility other workers at risk accordance with the policies and procedures of the organization risks fluids as required PC9. Place appropriate signs when and where appropriate organization contact and/or after any activity likely to cause contamination PC12. Follow hand washing procedures PC13. Implement hand care procedures		20 5 5 10 10 20 5 5 5 5	10 0 0 0 0 10 0 0 0	10 5 5 10 10 10 5 5 5		
	own role and responsibility other workers at risk accordance with the policies and procedures of the organization risks fluids as required PC9. Place appropriate signs when and where appropriate organization contact and/or after any activity likely to cause contamination PC12. Follow hand washing procedures PC13. Implement hand care procedures necessary	200	20 5 5 10 10 20 5 5 5 5	10 0 0 0 0 10 0 0 0	10 5 5 10 10 10 5 5 5 5		
	own role and responsibility other workers at risk accordance with the policies and procedures of the organization risks fluids as required PC9. Place appropriate signs when and where appropriate organization contact and/or after any activity likely to cause contamination PC12. Follow hand washing procedures PC13. Implement hand care procedures necessary Indian Standards, and is appropriate for the intended use	200	20 5 5 10 10 20 5 5 5 5 5	10 0 0 0 0 10 0 0 0 0 5	10 5 5 10 10 10 5 5 5 5 0		
	own role and responsibility other workers at risk accordance with the policies and procedures of the organization risks fluids as required PC9. Place appropriate signs when and where appropriate organization contact and/or after any activity likely to cause contamination PC12. Follow hand washing procedures PC13. Implement hand care procedures necessary Indian Standards, and is appropriate for the intended use if soiled and where appropriate, after each patient contact	200	20 5 5 10 10 20 5 5 5 5	10 0 0 0 0 10 0 0 0	10 5 5 10 10 10 5 5 5 5		
	own role and responsibility other workers at risk accordance with the policies and procedures of the organization risks fluids as required PC9. Place appropriate signs when and where appropriate organization contact and/or after any activity likely to cause contamination PC12. Follow hand washing procedures PC13. Implement hand care procedures necessary Indian Standards, and is appropriate for the intended use if soiled and where appropriate, after each patient contact of health care work	200	20 5 5 10 10 20 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	10 0 0 0 0 10 0 0 0 0 5 0	10 5 5 10 10 10 5 5 5 5 0 5 5		
	own role and responsibility other workers at risk accordance with the policies and procedures of the organization risks fluids as required PC9. Place appropriate signs when and where appropriate organization contact and/or after any activity likely to cause contamination PC12. Follow hand washing procedures PC13. Implement hand care procedures necessary Indian Standards, and is appropriate for the intended use if soiled and where appropriate, after each patient contact	200	20 5 5 10 10 20 5 5 5 5 5	10 0 0 0 0 10 0 0 0 0 5	10 5 5 10 10 10 5 5 5 5 0		

ttitude / N 9603 (Act within limits of one's apetence and authority)	and field of practice  PC2. Work within organisational systems and requirements as appropriate to one's role  PC3. Recognise the boundary of one's role and responsibility and seek supervision when situations are beyond one's competence and authority  PC4. Maintain competence within one's role and field of practice  PC5. Use relevant research based protocols and guidelines as evidence to inform one's practice  PC6. Promote and demonstrate good practice as an individual and as a team member at all times  PC7. Identify and manage potential and actual risks to the quality and safety of practice  PC8. Evaluate and reflect on the quality of one's work and make continuing improvements	50	5 5 10 5 5 10 5 5	2 2 5 3 2 5 3 2 2	3 3 5 2 3 5 2 3 2 3			
/ N 9603 (Act within limits of one's	and field of practice PC2. Work within organisational systems and requirements as appropriate to one's role  PC3. Recognise the boundary of one's role and responsibility and seek supervision when situations are beyond one's competence and authority PC4. Maintain competence within one's role and field of practice PC5. Use relevant research based protocols and guidelines as evidence to inform one's practice PC6. Promote and demonstrate good practice as an individual and as a team member at all times PC7. Identify and manage potential and actual risks to the quality and safety of practice PC8. Evaluate and reflect on the quality of one's work and make continuing	50	5 10 5 5 10 5	2 5 3 2 5	3 5 2 3 5			
N 9603 (Act within mits of one's	and field of practice PC2. Work within organisational systems and requirements as appropriate to one's role  PC3. Recognise the boundary of one's role and responsibility and seek supervision when situations are beyond one's competence and authority PC4. Maintain competence within one's role and field of practice PC5. Use relevant research based protocols and guidelines as evidence to inform one's practice PC6. Promote and demonstrate good practice as an individual and as a team member at all times PC7. Identify and manage potential and actual risks to the quality and safety of practice	50	5 10 5 5	2 5 3 2 5	3 5 2 3 5			
N 9603 (Act within mits of one's	and field of practice PC2. Work within organisational systems and requirements as appropriate to one's role  PC3. Recognise the boundary of one's role and responsibility and seek supervision when situations are beyond one's competence and authority PC4. Maintain competence within one's role and field of practice PC5. Use relevant research based protocols and guidelines as evidence to inform one's practice PC6. Promote and demonstrate good practice as an individual and as a team member at all times PC7. Identify and manage potential and actual risks to the quality and	50	5 10 5 5	2 5 3 2 5	3 5 2 3 5			
N 9603 (Act within mits of one's	and field of practice PC2. Work within organisational systems and requirements as appropriate to one's role  PC3. Recognise the boundary of one's role and responsibility and seek supervision when situations are beyond one's competence and authority PC4. Maintain competence within one's role and field of practice PC5. Use relevant research based protocols and guidelines as evidence to inform one's practice PC6. Promote and demonstrate good practice as an individual and as a team member at all times	50	5 10 5 5	2 5 3 2	3 5 2 3			
N 9603 (Act within mits of one's	and field of practice PC2. Work within organisational systems and requirements as appropriate to one's role  PC3. Recognise the boundary of one's role and responsibility and seek supervision when situations are beyond one's competence and authority PC4. Maintain competence within one's role and field of practice PC5. Use relevant research based protocols and guidelines as evidence to inform one's practice PC6. Promote and demonstrate good practice as an individual and as a	50	5 10 5 5	2 5 3 2	3 5 2 3			
N 9603 (Act within mits of one's	and field of practice PC2. Work within organisational systems and requirements as appropriate to one's role  PC3. Recognise the boundary of one's role and responsibility and seek supervision when situations are beyond one's competence and authority PC4. Maintain competence within one's role and field of practice PC5. Use relevant research based protocols and guidelines as evidence to	50	5 10 5	5 3	3 5 2			
N 9603 (Act within imits of one's	and field of practice PC2. Work within organisational systems and requirements as appropriate to one's role  PC3. Recognise the boundary of one's role and responsibility and seek supervision when situations are beyond one's competence and authority PC4. Maintain competence within one's role and field of practice	50	5 10 5	5 3	3 5 2			
N 9603 (Act within mits of one's	and field of practice PC2. Work within organisational systems and requirements as appropriate to one's role  PC3. Recognise the boundary of one's role and responsibility and seek supervision when situations are beyond one's competence and authority	<b>-</b> 0	5	2 5	3 5			
N 9603 (Act within imits of one's	and field of practice PC2. Work within organisational systems and requirements as appropriate to one's role PC3. Recognise the boundary of one's role and responsibility and seek		5	2	3			
N 9603 (Act within imits of one's	and field of practice PC2. Work within organisational systems and requirements as appropriate							
N 9603 (Act within mits of one's	and field of practice PC2. Work within organisational systems and requirements as appropriate							
N 9603 (Act within			5	2	3			
	IFCI. Adilete to legislation, protocols and guidennes relevant to one situle							
ritude	PC1. Adhere to legislation, protocols and guidelines relevant to one's role							T
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,							
1 (Pick one field rando	emly carrying 50 marks)							
Standards (NOS)	Performance Criteria (PC)	Total Marks (100)	Out Of	Viva	Observation / Role Play	viva	Skills Practical	Practical
tional Occupational				Marks A	Allocation	Marks Awarded by Assessor		Grand Total
	Soft Skills and Communication	Pick one field fro of subjec	•	•	•	50 marks to	talling	•
	Grand Total-1 (Subject Domain)		400					
	Total		200	55	145			-
	PC30. Replace surface covers where applicable PC31. Maintain and store cleaning equipment		5	5	0			1
	PC29. Dry all work surfaces before and after use PC30. Replace surface covers where applicable		5 5	0	5			1
	accordance with quality management systems to ensure full compliance		5	0	5			1
	solution before and after each session or when visibly soiled		5	0	5			1
	PC26. Remove all dust, dirt and physical debris from work surfaces		5	0	5			=
	procedures		5	0	5			1
	of the organisation and legislative requirements		5	5	0			]
	appropriately to minimise potential for contact with the waste and to		5	0	5			
	authorised persons		5	5	0			1
	dispose of into waste containers that are colour coded and identified		5	0	5			1

HSS/ N 9604 (Work	PC1. Communicate with other people clearly and effectively		3	0	3			
effectively with others)	PC2. Integrate one's work with other people's work effectively		3	0	3			
incetively with others,	· · ·	50	3	0	3			
	PC3. Pass on essential information to other people on timely basis							
	PC4. Work in a way that shows respect for other people PC5. Carry out any commitments made to other people		3	0	3			
	PC6. Reason out the failure to fulfil commitment		6	6	0			
			6	6	0			
	PC7. Identify any problems with team members and other people and take		16	8	8			
	the initiative to solve these problems PC8. Follow the organisation's policies and procedures		10	4	6			
	PCS. Follow the organisation's policies and procedures		10	4	6			
			50	24	26			
2. Safety management (Eva	aluate with NOS: HSS/N/0301, 0302, 0303, 0409, 9610)							
HSS/ N 9606 (Maintain a	PC1. Identify individual responsibilities in relation to maintaining workplace		6	2	4			
safe, healthy, and secure	health safety and security requirements		U	2	4			
vorking environment)			4	0	4			
	PC2. Comply with health, safety and security procedures for the workplace		4	0	4			
	PC3. Report any identified breaches in health, safety, and security	_	4	2	1			
	procedures to the designated person		4	3	1			
	PC4. Identify potential hazards and breaches of safe work practices		6	4	2			
	PC5. Correct any hazards that individual can deal with safely, competently							
	and within the limits of authority	50	6	4	2			
	PC6. Promptly and accurately report the hazards that individual is not							
	allowed to deal with, to the relevant person and warn other people who		6	4	2			
	may get affected		0	4				
	PC7. Follow the organisation's emergency procedures promptly, calmly,							
	and efficiently		6	2	4			
	PC8. Identify and recommend opportunities for improving health, safety,							
	and security to the designated person		6	4	2			
			6	2	4			
	PC9. Complete any health and safety records legibly and accurately							
			50	25	25			
Waste Management (Eval	uate with NOS: HSS/N/5105, 5108, 5114, 5115)							
HSS/ N 9609 (Follow								
oiomedical waste disposal	PC1. Follow the appropriate procedures, policies and protocols for the		6	2	4			
rotocols)	method of collection and containment level according to the waste type							
,	PC2. Apply appropriate health and safety measures and standard							
	precautions for infection prevention and control and personal protective		8	4	4			
	equipment relevant to the type and category of waste							
	PC3. Segregate the waste material from work areas in line with current							
	legislation and organisational requirements		4	0	4			
	PC4. Segregation should happen at source with proper containment, by					<del>                                     </del>		
	using different colour coded bins for different categories of waste		8	4	4			
	PC5. Check the accuracy of the labelling that identifies the type and					+ +		
	content of waste	50	4	2	2			
	PC6. Confirm suitability of containers for any required course of action	50				+ +		
	processing in surfacements of containers for any required course of action		1 4	I 4	I ^	i I		
	appropriate to the type of waste disposal		4	4	0		Į.	

Gra	and Total-2 (Soft Skills and Comunication)		100				
	Total		50	32	18		
	PC10. Complete any health and safety records legibly and accurately		4	4	0		
	PC9. Identify and recommend opportunities for improving health, safety, and security to the designated person		4	4	0		
	and efficiently		4	4	0		
	affected  PC8. Follow the organisation's emergency procedures promptly, calmly,		4				
	PC7. Promptly and accurately report any hazards that he/she is not allowed to deal with to the relevant person and warn other people who may be		4	4	0		
	PC6. Identify and correct any hazards that he/she can deal with safely, competently and within the limits of his/her authority	50	4	4	0		
	PC5. Report any identified breaches in health, safety, and security procedures to the designated person		4	2	2		
	PC4. Read Dental hygiene, dental and medical publications related to quality consistently and thoroughly		8	4	4		
	PC3. Participate in education programs which include current techniques, technology and trends pertaining to the dental industry		4	0	4		
ssure quality	PC2. Evaluate potential solutions thoroughly		8	4	4		<u> </u> 
SS/ N 9611: Monitor and	PC1. Conduct appropriate research and analysis		6 8	2	4		1
. Quality Assurance			1		T		T
			50	32	18		
	and protocols						
	in correct location in line with current legislation, guidelines, local policies		4	4	0		
	current legislation and procedures PC10. Maintain full, accurate and legible records of information and store						-
	PC9. Report and deal with spillages and contamination in accordance with		4	4	0		
	associated risks		4	4	0		
	PC8. Transport the waste to the disposal site, taking into consideration its						
	PC7. Check the waste has undergone the required processes to make it safe for transport and disposal		4	4	0		

	Assessment Form (To be filled by	y Assessor fo	or Each Tra	inee)					
Job Role	Dialysis Technician	Trainee Name				<u>Batch</u>			
Qualification Pack	HSS/ Q 2701	Taining Partner		<u>Date</u>					
Sector Skill Council		Name of Assessor							
Name & Signature	of Representative & Stamp of Assessing								
	Skills Practical and Viva	a (80% weigh	ntage)						
		Ma	rks Allotec		Marks	<b>Awarded</b>	by Assessor		
Gran	d Total-1 (Subiect Domain)	80				0			
Grand Tota	I-2 (Soft Skills and Comunication)	20			0				
	otal-(Skills Practical and Viva)	100 0							
De	tailed Break Up of Marks	Skills Practical & Viva							
	Subject Domain	Pick any 2	2 NOS (2 el		rom ea	ch NOS ea	ach of 100		
National Occupational Standards (NOS)	Performance Criteria (PC)	Total Marks (80)	Marks Alloca	Marks Awarded by		Grand Total of Theory			
			Theory	Theory					
1.HSS / N 2701 : Collect and assess the patient's chart	PC1. Read and understand the patients' reports		1						
and vitals	PC2. Take measurements of non-invasive blood pressure, body temperature, body weight, breathing		1						
	rate and/or other vital parameters, as appropriate	]							
	rate and/or other vital parameters, as appropriate PC3. Recognise the levels of vital parameters under which dialysis can be performed safely	5	1						
	rate and/or other vital parameters, as appropriate PC3. Recognise the levels of vital parameters under	5	1						

	PC6. Evaluate and reflect on the quality of one's work		0	
	and make continuing improvements		·	
	5			
HSS / N 2702 : Manage	PC1. Needs to know and understand the mechanics			
dialysis machine set up and	and functioning of all parts of the dialysis machine		1	
assemble the	being used			
extracorporeal circuit	PC2. Should know how to calibrate the machine		1	
	PC3. Should ensure that the dialysis unit has been		1	
	sterilised after previous use		1	
	PC4. Should ensure that all the components required	5	1	
	are adequately present	5	1	
	PC5. Should know how to assemble and check the			
	extracorporeal circuit parts i.e. the patient connectors,			
	Dialyzer connectors, Drip chamber and bubble trap,		4	
	Blood pump segment, Heparin infusion line, and saline		1	
	infusion line			
	5			
3.HSS / N 2703 : Prepare	PC1. Maintain patients' privacy		4	
and position the patient for	PC2. Drape the patient such that it facilitates			
treatment	connecting the patient to the dialysis unit		2	
	PC3. Explain the need to dress and be placed in		-	
	particular position for dialysis to patient		5	
	PC4. Perform actions gently to avoid causing pain	10	-	
	specially taking care to not disturb any catheters, IV		5	
	PC5. Keep the patient in a comfortable posture		2	
	PC6. Provide the appropriate linen including covering			
	sheet depending on the patient (male, female, child)		,	
	and should know from where to obtain the same		2	
	10			

ĺ

.HSS / N 2704 : Connect patient to the dialysis machine	PC1. Use standard protocols for inserting IV lines and making connections to prevent infection and reduce discomfort to the patient	10	3			
	PC2. Understand how to utilise existing catheters for		2			
	performing dialysis			2		
	PC3. Be aware of the protocol of starting the dialysis					
	PC4. Minimise inconvenience and pain for the patient while performing the procedure		3			
	10					
5.HSS / N 2705 : Monitor	PC1. Understand the various indicators, alarms and					
technical/ clinical vitals	sensors of the dialysis machine		1			
during the treatment	PC2. Know the corrective steps to be taken when a					
daming the treatment	particular alarm goes off	5	2			
	PC3. Be alert and quick in his/her responses	_	1			
	PC4. Know whom and how to inform in case of medical		_			
	emergency		1			
	5					
6.HSS/ N 2706: Unhook	PC1. Know when dialysis is completed		1			
patient from the machine	PC2. Detach all connections between patient and		1			
	PC3. Carefully remove IV cannulas with minimum					
	discomfort to patient	_	1			
	PC4. Suitably dress the canola/ catheter to keep it	5				
	sterile and pain- free for future use if the		1			
	PC5. Understand needs of the patient and help					
	them to be comfortable		1			
	5					
HSS / N 2707 : Record the	PC1. Follow the right format for documenting the		_			
treatment	dialysis on the patient's chart		1			
	PC2. Record the components/ constituents and					
	their quantities used	Ę	1			

PC3. Understand the importance of documenting	3					
the procedure on the patient's chart		2				
PC4. Record the quantity and type of constituents						
like dialysate, acid mixture etc. used during the		1				
5						
PC1. Read and understand the patients' reports		1				
PC2. Take measurements of non-invasive blood						
pressure, body temperature, body weight,						
breathing rate and/or other vital parameters, as		1				
PC3. Recognise the levels of vital parameters						
under which dialysis can be performed safely	5	1				
PC4. Be alert in noticing any change or distress in						
the patient during or after dialysis		1				
PC5. Communicate effectively with patient,						
doctors and nurses to enable quick remedial		0				
PC6. Document the changes as per protocol		1				
5						
PC1. Clean up any spillage		1				
PC2. Know when the dialysate, dialyzer or other		1				
constituents need to be replaced		1				
PC3. Follow standard sterilisation and cleaning	_	1				
procedure for the unit	5	1				
PC4. Disinfect dialysis machine according to the		4				
manufacturer's recommendations		1				
PC5. The dialysate circuit should be exposed to		1				
5						
PC1. Describe the three main types of vascular						
access (fistulae, grafts and catheters)		0.5				
PC2. Identify the predialysis assessments for all						
types of vascular access.		0				
	PC4. Record the quantity and type of constituents like dialysate, acid mixture etc. used during the 5 PC1. Read and understand the patients' reports PC2. Take measurements of non-invasive blood pressure, body temperature, body weight, breathing rate and/or other vital parameters, as PC3. Recognise the levels of vital parameters under which dialysis can be performed safely PC4. Be alert in noticing any change or distress in the patient during or after dialysis PC5. Communicate effectively with patient, doctors and nurses to enable quick remedial PC6. Document the changes as per protocol 5 PC1. Clean up any spillage PC2. Know when the dialysate, dialyzer or other constituents need to be replaced PC3. Follow standard sterilisation and cleaning procedure for the unit PC4. Disinfect dialysis machine according to the manufacturer's recommendations PC5. The dialysate circuit should be exposed to 5 PC1. Describe the three main types of vascular access (fistulae, grafts and catheters)	the procedure on the patient's chart  PC4. Record the quantity and type of constituents like dialysate, acid mixture etc. used during the  5  PC1. Read and understand the patients' reports PC2. Take measurements of non-invasive blood pressure, body temperature, body weight, breathing rate and/or other vital parameters, as PC3. Recognise the levels of vital parameters under which dialysis can be performed safely PC4. Be alert in noticing any change or distress in the patient during or after dialysis PC5. Communicate effectively with patient, doctors and nurses to enable quick remedial PC6. Document the changes as per protocol  5  PC1. Clean up any spillage PC2. Know when the dialysate, dialyzer or other constituents need to be replaced PC3. Follow standard sterilisation and cleaning procedure for the unit PC4. Disinfect dialysis machine according to the manufacturer's recommendations PC5. The dialysate circuit should be exposed to  5  PC1. Describe the three main types of vascular access (fistulae, grafts and catheters) PC2. Identify the predialysis assessments for all	the procedure on the patient's chart  PCA. Record the quantity and type of constituents like dialysate, acid mixture etc. used during the  S  PCI. Read and understand the patients' reports PC2. Take measurements of non-invasive blood pressure, body temperature, body weight, breathing rate and/or other vital parameters, as PC3. Recognise the levels of vital parameters under which dialysis can be performed safely PC4. Be alert in noticing any change or distress in the patient during or after dialysis PC5. Communicate effectively with patient, doctors and nurses to enable quick remedial PC6. Document the changes as per protocol  S  PC1. Clean up any spillage PC2. Know when the dialysate, dialyzer or other constituents need to be replaced PC3. Follow standard sterilisation and cleaning procedure for the unit PC4. Disinfect dialysis machine according to the manufacturer's recommendations PC5. The dialysate circuit should be exposed to  S  PC1. Describe the three main types of vascular access (fistulae, grafts and catheters) PC2. Identify the predialysis assessments for all	the procedure on the patient's chart  PC4. Record the quantity and type of constituents like dialysate, acid mixture etc. used during the  5  PC1. Read and understand the patients' reports PC2. Take measurements of non-invasive blood pressure, body temperature, body weight, breathing rate and/or other vital parameters, as PC3. Recognise the levels of vital parameters under which dialysis can be performed safely PC4. Be alert in noticing any change or distress in the patient during or after dialysis PC5. Communicate effectively with patient, doctors and nurses to enable quick remedial PC6. Document the changes as per protocol  5  PC1. Clean up any spillage PC2. Know when the dialysate, dialyzer or other constituents need to be replaced PC3. Follow standard sterilisation and cleaning procedure for the unit PC4. Disinfect dialysis machine according to the manufacturer's recommendations PC5. The dialysate circuit should be exposed to  5  PC1. Describe the three main types of vascular access (fistulae, grafts and catheters) PC2. Identify the predialysis assessments for all	the procedure on the patient's chart  PC4. Record the quantity and type of constituents like dialysate, acid mixture etc. used during the  5  PC1. Read and understand the patients' reports PC2. Take measurements of non-invasive blood pressure, body temperature, body weight, breathing rate and/or other vital parameters, as PC3. Recognise the levels of vital parameters under which dialysis can be performed safely PC4. Be alert in noticing any change or distress in the patient during or after dialysis PC5. Communicate effectively with patient, doctors and nurses to enable quick remedial PC6. Document the changes as per protocol  5  PC1. Clean up any spillage PC2. Know when the dialysate, dialyzer or other constituents need to be replaced PC3. Follow standard sterilisation and cleaning procedure for the unit PC4. Disinfect dialysis machine according to the manufacturer's recommendations PC5. The dialysate circuit should be exposed to  5  PC1. Describe the three main types of vascular access (fistulae, grafts and catheters) PC2. Identify the predialysis assessments for all	the procedure on the patient's chart  PC4. Record the quantity and type of constituents like dialysate, acid mixture etc. used during the  S  PC1. Read and understand the patients' reports PC2. Take measurements of non-invasive blood pressure, body temperature, body weight, breathing rate and/or other vital parameters, as PC3. Recognise the levels of vital parameters under which dialysis can be performed safely PC4. Be alert in noticing any change or distress in the patient during or after dialysis PC5. Communicate effectively with patient, doctors and nurses to enable quick remedial PC6. Document the changes as per protocol  S  PC1. Clean up any spillage PC2. Know when the dialysate, dialyzer or other constituents need to be replaced PC3. Follow standard sterilisation and cleaning procedure for the unit PC4. Disinfect dialysis machine according to the manufacturer's recommendations PC5. The dialysate circuit should be exposed to  S  PC1. Describe the three main types of vascular access (fistulae, grafts and catheters) PC2. Identify the predialysis assessments for all

PC3. Describe the methods of needle insertion for
AVFs and grafts.
PC4. Describe the predialysis assessment,
accessing procedure, exit site care, and
PC5. Describe how fistulae are created and the
pros and cons of these
PC6. Assess the maturity of a fistula
PC7. Describe how grafts are created and the pros
and cons of these
PC8. Describe how catheters are placed and the
various methods of catheter placement (both
PC9. Describe the pros and cons of catheters
PC10. Describe the types of catheter and
port/catheter devices
PC11. Assess a fistula or graft prior to each
treatment by inspecting (looking for infection,
steal syndrome, stenosis, etc.), auscultating
(listening for bruit and deep access location), and
palpating (feeling for skin temperature, thrill,
PC12. Assess the blood flow before inserting a
needle into the fistula/ graft
PC13. Assess catheters prior to dialysis treatment
PC14. Describe the considerations for accessing
catheters and cleansing exit sites
PC15. Describe the various methods for preparing
a patient's skin for cannulation
PC16. Prepare a patient's skin for cannulation
using anti-bacterial solutions
PC17. Apply a tourniquet
PC18. Select a site for cannulation and insert a
needle into the patient's vein

0	
0	
0.5	
0	
0.5	
0.5	
0.5	
0.5	
0	
0	
0	
0.5	
0.5	
0	
0	
0	

 1

1	PC19. Understand the concept of Antegrade and				1
	retrograde needle direction		0.5		
	PC20. Understand how to rotate cannulation sites		0.5		
	for fistulae and grafts		0.5		
	PC21. Secure needles after insertion		0.5		
	PC22. Describe common complications that occur		0		
	due to: a. Fistulae, grafts and catheters b) b. Poor				
	needle site rotation, c) c. Dialysis		0		
	PC23. Monitor catheters during the treatments		0		
	PC24. Describe post-dialysis care for fistulae,		0		
	catheters and grafts		0		
	5		U		
HSS/ N 2711: Respond to	PC1. Clean up any spillage		1		
dialysis related	PC2. Know when the dialysate, dialyzer or other		1		
	constituents need to be replaced		1		
equipment	PC3. Follow standard sterilisation and cleaning		1		
	procedure for the unit	5	1		
	PC4. Disinfect dialysis machine according to the		1		
	manufacturer's recommendations		1		
			1		
	PC5. The dialysate circuit should be exposed to		1		
HSS/ N 2712: Reprocess	PC1. Clean up any spillage		1		
dialyserstreatment	PC2. Know when the dialysate, dialyzer or other		1		
guidelines.	constituents need to be replaced		1		
guidelines.	PC3. Follow standard sterilisation and cleaning		1		
	procedure for the unit	5	1		
	PC4. Disinfect dialysis machine according to the		1		
	manufacturer's recommendations		_		
			1		
	PC5. The dialysate circuit should be exposed to		1		
LICC/N 2712: One water =					
HSS/ N 2/13: Operate and	PC1. Check the incoming water temperature		0		

maintain water treatment	PC2. Look around the RO(reverse osmosis) system				
plant	for any visible fluid leaks		0		
·	PC3. Check and record the pressure gauge		0		
	PC4. Measure and record the pressures before				
	and after the endotoxin filter		0		
	PC5. Record all checks, including time and initials,				
	on the Daily Dialysis Water Equipment Monitoring		0.5		
	PC6. Check and record the pump, reject, and product pr		0		
	PC7. Check and record the recycle, waste, and permeate		0		
	PC8. Check and record the inlet and permeate conductive		0		
	PC9. Read the RO monitor and record the conductivity	5			
	and percent rejection	_	0		
	PC10. Check and record the pump run hours		0.5		
	PC11. Check the multi-media sediment filter		0		
	PC12. Measure and record the pressures before and				
	after the multi-media filter		1		
	PC13. Check the water softener		0		
	PC14. Measure and record the pressures before and				
	after the water softener		1		
	PC15. Check and record the setting for the				
	regeneration timer. The timer should be set to activate				
	when the facility, especially the RO, is not operating		1		
	PC16. Check the brine tank		1		
	5				
HSS/ N 9610 (Follow	PC1. Preform the standard precautions to prevent the		0.5		
infection control policies	spread of infection in accordance with organisation		0.5		
and procedures)	PC2. Preform the additional precautions when				
	standard precautions alone may not be sufficient to		0.5		
	prevent transmission of infection				
	PC3. Minimise contamination of materials, equipment		0		
	and instruments by aerosols and splatter		U		
	PC4. Identify infection risks and implement an		0.5		
	appropriate response within own role and		0.5		

PC5. Document and report activities and tasks that put
patients and/or other workers at risk
PC6. Respond appropriately to situations that pose an
infection risk in accordance with the policies and
procedures of the organization
PC7. Follow procedures for risk control and risk
containment for specific risks
PC8. Follow protocols for care following exposure to
blood or other body fluids as required
PC9. Place appropriate signs when and where
PC10. Remove spills in accordance with the policies
and procedures of the organization
PC11. Maintain hand hygiene by washing hands before
and after patient contact and/or after any activity likely
to cause contamination
PC12. Follow hand washing procedures
PC13. Implement hand care procedures
PC14. Cover cuts and abrasions with water-proof
dressings and change as necessary
PC15. Wear personal protective clothing and
equipment that complies with Indian Standards, and is
appropriate for the intended use
PC16. Change protective clothing and gowns/aprons
daily, more frequently if soiled and where appropriate,
after each patient contact
PC17. Demarcate and maintain clean and
PC18. Confine records, materials and medicaments to a
well-designated clean zone
PC19. Confine contaminated instruments and
equipment to a well-designated contaminated zone
PC20. Wear appropriate personal protective clothing
and equipment in accordance with occupational health
and safety policies and procedures when handling

0		
0		
0.5		
0.5		
0.5		
0		
0		
0		
0		
0		
0.5		
0		
0		
0		
0		
0		

National Occupational	Performance Criteria (PC)	Total Marks (80)	Marks Alloca	Awarded by Assessor	Grand Total of Theory		
Sof	Skills and Communication	Pick one fie	ld from pa	rt 1 rand	omly ar	d pick or	e field fro
Grai	nd Total-1 (Subject Domain)						
	Total	80	5 #	#REF!			
	5			up cel			
	PC31. Maintain and store cleaning equipment		0.5				<u> </u>
	PC30. Replace surface covers where applicable		0				
	PC29. Dry all work surfaces before and after use		0				<u> </u>
	systems to ensure full compliance with cleaning,						
	processing in accordance with quality management		0.5				
	PC28. Decontaminate equipment requiring special						
	or when visibly soiled						
	and warm water solution before and after each session		0				
	PC27. Clean all work surfaces with a neutral detergent						
	work surfaces		0				
	PC26. Remove all dust, dirt and physical debris from		0				
	equipment during cleaning procedures		0				
	PC25. Wear personal protective clothing and						<u> </u>
	policies and procedures of the organisation and		0				
	PC24. Dispose of waste safely in accordance with						<del>                                     </del>
	environment from accidental release						
	dispose of waste appropriately to minimise potential for contact with the waste and to reduce the risk to the		0				
	PC23. Handle, package, label, store, transport and						
	accessible only to authorised persons						<del>                                     </del>
	PC22. Store clinical or related waste in an area that is		0				
	are colour coded and identified						<u> </u>
	generated and dispose of into waste containers that		0.5				
	PC21. Separate waste at the point where it has been						

Standards (1105)						
			Theory	Theory		
Part 1 (Pick one field rando	omly carrying 50 marks)					
1. Attitude						
HSS/ N 9603 (Act within the	PC1. Adhere to legislation, protocols and guidelines		0			
limits of one's competence	relevant to one's role and field of practice		0			
and authority)	PC2. Work within organisational systems and		1			
	requirements as appropriate to one's role		1			
	PC3. Recognise the boundary of one's role and					
	responsibility and seek supervision when situations are	1	1			
	beyond one's competence and authority					
	PC4. Maintain competence within one's role and field	5				
	PC5. Use relevant research based protocols and	5				
	guidelines as evidence to inform one's practice		0			
	PC6. Promote and demonstrate good practice as an		1			
	individual and as a team member at all times		1			
	PC7. Identify and manage potential and actual risks to		1			
	the quality and safety of practice					
	PC8. Evaluate and reflect on the quality of one's work		1			
	and make continuing improvements					
	Attitude Total					
Part 2 (Pick one field as per	NOS marked carrying 50 marks)				•	
1. Team Work (Evaluate wi	th NOS: HSS/N/0304, 0305, 0306, 0307)					
HSS/ N 9604 (Work	PC1. Communicate with other people clearly and		1			
effectively with others)	PC2. Integrate one's work with other people's work		0			
	PC3. Pass on essential information to other people on		0			
	timely basis	5	U			
	PC4. Work in a way that shows respect for other		1			
	PC5. Carry out any commitments made to other people	3	0			
	PC6. Reason out the failure to fulfil commitment		1			
	PC7. Identify any problems with team members and		1			
	other people and take the initiative to solve these					

PC8. Follow the organisation's policies and procedures		1	1	1		
nate with NOS: HSS/N/0301, 0302, 0303, 0409, 9610)			1			
•		1				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			+			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		0				
·						
		1				
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		1				
· ·						
•						
·						
	5	_				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		0				
·						
person and warn other people who may get affected						
PC7. Follow the organisation's emergency procedures		n				
promptly, calmly, and efficiently		U				
PC8. Identify and recommend opportunities for		n				
mproving health, safety, and security to the		U				
PC9. Complete any health and safety records legibly		0				
and accurately		U				
ate with NOS: HSS/N/5105, 5108, 5114, 5115)						
PC1. Follow the appropriate procedures, policies and						
protocols for the method of collection and		0				
containment level according to the waste type						
PC2. Apply appropriate health and safety measures and						
tandard precautions for infection prevention and		0				
control and personal protective equipment relevant to						
PC3. Segregate the waste material from work areas in		0.5				
ine with current legislation and organisational		0.5				
me on one of the original of t	C7. Follow the organisation's emergency procedures romptly, calmly, and efficiently C8. Identify and recommend opportunities for approving health, safety, and security to the C9. Complete any health and safety records legibly and accurately  Ete with NOS: HSS/N/5105, 5108, 5114, 5115) C1. Follow the appropriate procedures, policies and rotocols for the method of collection and containment level according to the waste type C2. Apply appropriate health and safety measures and candard precautions for infection prevention and control and personal protective equipment relevant to C3. Segregate the waste material from work areas in	paintaining workplace health safety and security C2. Comply with health, safety and security recedures for the workplace C3. Report any identified breaches in health, safety, and security procedures to the designated person C4. Identify potential hazards and breaches of safe ork practices C5. Correct any hazards that individual can deal with afely, competently and within the limits of authority C6. Promptly and accurately report the hazards that dividual is not allowed to deal with, to the relevant erson and warn other people who may get affected C7. Follow the organisation's emergency procedures romptly, calmly, and efficiently C8. Identify and recommend opportunities for approving health, safety, and security to the C9. Complete any health and safety records legibly and accurately  Te with NOS: HSS/N/5105, 5108, 5114, 5115) C1. Follow the appropriate procedures, policies and rotocols for the method of collection and containment level according to the waste type C2. Apply appropriate health and safety measures and candard precautions for infection prevention and control and personal protective equipment relevant to C3. Segregate the waste material from work areas in	paintaining workplace health safety and security C2. Comply with health, safety and security rocedures for the workplace C3. Report any identified breaches in health, safety, and security procedures to the designated person C4. Identify potential hazards and breaches of safe ork practices C5. Correct any hazards that individual can deal with afely, competently and within the limits of authority C6. Promptly and accurately report the hazards that idividual is not allowed to deal with, to the relevant derson and warn other people who may get affected C7. Follow the organisation's emergency procedures romptly, calmly, and efficiently C8. Identify and recommend opportunities for inproving health, safety, and security to the C9. Complete any health and safety records legibly and accurately  1. 1. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2.	paintaining workplace health safety and security C2. Comply with health, safety and security rocedures for the workplace C3. Report any identified breaches in health, safety, and security procedures to the designated person C4. Identify potential hazards and breaches of safe ork practices C5. Correct any hazards that individual can deal with afely, competently and within the limits of authority C6. Promptly and accurately report the hazards that dividual is not allowed to deal with, to the relevant erson and warn other people who may get affected C7. Follow the organisation's emergency procedures romptly, calmly, and efficiently C8. Identify and recommend opportunities for inproving health, safety, and security to the C9. Complete any health and safety records legibly and accurately  1	paintaining workplace health safety and security C2. Comply with health, safety and security rocedures for the workplace C3. Report any identified breaches in health, safety, and security procedures to the designated person C4. Identify potential hazards and breaches of safe ork practices C5. Correct any hazards that individual can deal with afely, competently and within the limits of authority C6. Promptly and accurately report the hazards that dividual is not allowed to deal with, to the relevant erson and warn other people who may get affected C7. Follow the organisation's emergency procedures romptly, calmly, and efficiently C8. Identify and recommend opportunities for approving health, safety, and security to the C9. Complete any health and safety records legibly and accurately  1	paintaining workplace health safety and security C2. Comply with health, safety and security rocedures for the workplace C3. Report any identified breaches in health, safety, and security procedures to the designated person C4. Identify potential hazards and breaches of safe ork practices C5. Correct any hazards that individual can deal with safety, competently and within the limits of authority C6. Promptly and accurately report the hazards that dividual is not allowed to deal with, to the relevant erson and warn other people who may get affected C7. Follow the organisation's emergency procedures romptly, calmly, and efficiently C8. Identify and recommend opportunities for aproving health, safety, and security to the C9. Complete any health and safety records legibly and accurately  1

	PC4. Segregation should happen at source with proper containment, by using different colour coded bins for different categories of waste  PC5. Check the accuracy of the labelling that identifies		0.5		
	the type and content of waste	2.5	0.5		
	PC6. Confirm suitability of containers for any required course of action appropriate to the type of waste		0		
	PC7. Check the waste has undergone the required processes to make it safe for transport and disposal		0.5		
	PC8. Transport the waste to the disposal site, taking into consideration its associated risks		0.5		
	PC9. Report and deal with spillages and contamination in accordance with current legislation and procedures		0		
	PC10. Maintain full, accurate and legible records of information and store in correct location in line with		0		
	current legislation, guidelines, local policies and				
	5		2.5 0	0	
4. Quality Assurance	5		2.5 0	0	
<b>4. Quality Assurance</b> HSS/ N 9611: Monitor and	PC1. Conduct appropriate research and analysis		2.5 0	0	
				0	
HSS/ N 9611: Monitor and	PC1. Conduct appropriate research and analysis		0	0	
HSS/ N 9611: Monitor and	PC1. Conduct appropriate research and analysis PC2. Evaluate potential solutions thoroughly PC3. Participate in education programs which include current techniques, technology and trends pertaining		0 0	0	
HSS/ N 9611: Monitor and	PC1. Conduct appropriate research and analysis PC2. Evaluate potential solutions thoroughly PC3. Participate in education programs which include current techniques, technology and trends pertaining to the dental industry PC4. Read Dental hygiene, dental and medical publications related to quality consistently and PC5. Report any identified breaches in health, safety, and security procedures to the designated person		0 0	0	
HSS/ N 9611: Monitor and	PC1. Conduct appropriate research and analysis PC2. Evaluate potential solutions thoroughly PC3. Participate in education programs which include current techniques, technology and trends pertaining to the dental industry PC4. Read Dental hygiene, dental and medical publications related to quality consistently and PC5. Report any identified breaches in health, safety,	2.5	0 0 0.5	0	

	PC8. Follow the organisation's emergency procedures promptly, calmly, and efficiently			0.5				
	PC9. Identify and recommend opportunities for			0				
	improving health, safety, and security to the							
	PC10. Complete any health and safety records legibly			0.5				
	and accurately			0.5				
	Total	5		2.5	0	0		
Grand Total-2 (Soft Skills and Comunication)			10	00				